A. L. Bancroft & Co

The Yolo Democrat.

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The Yolo Democrat.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING, BY

WM. SAUNDERS,

Editor and Proprietor.

Office—Freeman's Block, cor. 1st and Main Sts.

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" six months.....2 00
" three months.....1 00

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SCHOOL BOOKS, MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

Stationery and Musical Instruments, Etc.

AT THE ESTABLISHMENT OF

G. W. GREENE,

MAIN STREET,

Nearly opposite the Capital Hotel, Woodland, is the place to find an assortment in the above lines. An inspection of my stock is respectfully requested.

Besides a large stock of Watches, Clocks, Gold, Silver and Plated Ware, Musical Instruments, Lamps, Toys and Fancy Goods, I have all the Public School, College and Text Books required; also Religious and Miscellaneous Works, Music, Books, etc.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in a satisfactory manner and on short notice.

AGENCY OF THE

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.

de5-3m

L. MACHEFERT,

WATCHMAKER —AND— JEWELER.

Now Sole Proprietor of the Jewelry business of

RUGGLES & MACHEFERT,

Main Street, Woodland.

Has the Largest Assortment of

Clocks, Gents' and Ladies' Gold Watches, American and Swiss Silver Watches, Gold Chains, Rings, Pins, Bracelets, Earrings, etc.

Silver and Silver-plated Ware,

Knives, Pistols, Guns, Ammunition, Toys and Fancy Goods,

—AND IS THE—

Agent in Woodland for the

Florence Sewing Machine.

P. S.—All Watch and Jewelry Repairs guaranteed satisfactory. no15-3m

CAPITAL HOTEL,

A. S. HOUSE, : Proprietor,

Cor. Main and First streets,

WOODLAND,

YOLO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

A. S. HOUSE, has taken the Capital Hotel on his own hands, the lease of Messrs. Eaton & Burns having expired, and will in future give his entire attention to its management, and it is his determination that it shall be kept in first-class style. The house has been

Renovated Throughout,

And being a three-story brick building affords ample accommodations for a large number of transient guests, as well as regular boarders.

The rooms are well ventilated, en suit or single, well furnished and cleanly.

The Table will be supplied with the best the market affords. Board by the day or week at reasonable rates.

Free Bus to and from the railroad on the arrival of trains. de19-3m

BROOKLYN HOTEL,

BUSH STREET,

BETWEEN MONTGOMERY AND SANSOME,

Adjoining the New Mercantile Library,

SAN FRANCISCO.

TERMS: $2 PER DAY.

KELLY & ANDREWS,

PROPRIETORS.

The Coach, plainly marked "Brooklyn Hotel," will be at the Railroad Depots and Steamboat Landings, to convey guests to the House, free of charge. ja26-3m

CRAFT HOTEL,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND,

FRANK FRARY, Proprietor.

Everything new and modern in style. The table will be furnished with the best in the market. Meals will be furnished and the house kept

On the European Plan.

The proprietor is a successful caterer to the public wants, and will give entire satisfaction to the patronage of the Craft Hotel with their patronage.

Terms Reasonable.

☞ Free conveyance to and from the cars. de19-tf

CHANGED HANDS!

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE HOTEL

Has changed proprietors. FURNISS & BEMIS will run this hotel

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN!

Furniss, who is well and favorably known throughout the county as a first-class hotel man, will personally superintend the Dining Room and Cooking Department, and assures his guests that no pains will be spared in making this the most pleasant hotel in Woodland.

ja3-3m FURNISS & BEMIS.

ART NOTICE.

FOR THE VERY SUPERIOR RETOUCHED

Rembrandt Photographs,

OR ANY OTHER BRANCH OF THE ART,

From the smallest picture to life-size, copied and enlarged equal to any gallery in the world, by R. ROGERS & CO.,

At Mr. Rue's Old Gallery,

OVER PORTER & CO'S STORE, Woodland.

no21-3m

M. W. THOMAS,

GENERAL COLLECTING —AND— INSURANCE AGENT,

OFFICE:

ODD FELLOWS' HALL,

(OVER NEW BANK,)

WOODLAND, CAL.

Having been for several months past successfully engaged in the above lines of business, I have determined to continue the same permanently. Prompt attention given to collecting Notes, Accounts, etc.

Fire and Life Insurance

Policies issued in reliable companies at reasonable rates.

Business attended to with dispatch in town or country.

☞ Orders left with E. Bynum will receive immediate attention.

WOODLAND, November 5th, 1873. no7-3m2p

TO THE LADIES

—OF—

Woodland and Yolo County.

MRS. OGBURN,

Having just returned from the Bay with a full assortment of

Millinery Goods,

OF THE LATEST STYLES,

Would be pleased to have the Ladies call and examine them, confident that she can please in the future as well as in the past. She would also return thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same

N.B.—Particular attention given to

DRESSMAKING!

Also, Agency of the

NEW WEED SEWING MACHINE!

Ja10 One of the most reliable in use.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

MRS. & MISS PORTER

having purchased the stock and business of Mmes. WILLIARD AND PHILLIPS in the above line, desire to inform the public of the fact, and at the same time solicit the patronage of the Ladies of Woodland and vicinity.

A New Stock of Millinery

Has already been added, so that we can supply anything in that line promptly, and we believe to the satisfaction of everyone who calls upon us. We shall aim to keep the latest styles of goods, and sell them at reasonable prices.

Dressmaking

Will also be a prominent feature with us, in which we feel confident we can please both in style and prices.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns.

The ladies are respectfully invited to give us a call, examine our goods and leave their orders.

MRS. W. W. PORTER & CO.

Woodland, Sept. 11th, 1873. de12-3m

Trees, Shrubbery, Flowers, &c.

J. E. CARD,

Nurseryman,

Is prepared to supply almost every kind of

FRUIT TREES,

SUITABLE TO THIS LOCALITY, ALSO

Shade and Evergreen Trees,

SHRUBS, FLOWERS, ETC.,

In Great Variety. Those in want are invited to call and make purchases.

Depot on Main Street, College Block, Woodland.

de26

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE!

SOLD AT THE

West'n Union Telegraph Office,

MAIN ST., WOODLAND:

—ALSO—

THE "COMMON SENSE,"

A CHEAP MACHINE,

ON EASY TERMS!

Call and see them. Needles and Extras furnished on short notice for both machines.

ja23 3m

TREES! SHRUBS! FLOWERS!

The undersigned beg to inform the residents of Woodland and vicinity that they have procured from the best Nurseries in the State

A Full Supply

OF FRUIT AND SHADE TREES, ORNAMENTAL SHRUBBERY, FLOWERS,

Etc., which will be sold on reasonable terms. Now is the time to set them out.

Depot, Two doors West of Postoffice.

ja5-3m SILL & BROGAN.

FRESH EASTERN OYSTERS!

Court House RESTAURANT.

H. STEGALL keeps constantly on hand Fresh Oysters, both Eastern and California, and has fitted up rooms in the basement for the comfort and accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen. Families or parties supplied with Oysters during the season, on short notice.

Good Lunch Always Ready.

de26-tf

WOODLAND MEAT MARKETS.

CHAS. H. DAVIS & CO., Proprietors.

Good Beef,

MUTTON, VEAL,

PORK, SAUSAGE, SALT MEATS, ETC.,

Constantly on hand. ja10-3m

PURE Lard Oil, Chinese Nut Oil, Castor Oil At E. BYNUM & CO'S.

DR. R. D. HARKNESS,

HOMEOPATHIST AND VISITING PHYSICIAN,

May be found day or night at his rooms in the Craft House, when not engaged out professionally. Consultations held in Craft House Parlors. Disease treated by specific medication without the injurious action of mercury and other drug poisons. Diseases of Women and Children a speciality.

Ja17-3m

DR. E. L. PARRAMORE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Is permanently located at Woodland, Yolo County. Calls promptly attended to. Leave orders at Simpson's Drug Store. ja10-3m

FROST & BUSH,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Bank Building, Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. Attend to all business of the profession. Particular attention given to Land cases, Conveyancing, Settlement of Estates of deceased persons, etc. ja10-3m

T. F. EATON,

GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT,

Will attend to collecting notes, accounts, etc., in Woodland and throughout Yolo County at reasonable rates. All business entrusted to him will be promptly attended to, and ample security given if desired. Office at City Livery Stable, opposite Exchange Hotel, Woodland, Cal. de26-3m

J. C. BALL,

DISTRICT ATTORNEY AND COMMISSIONER IN BANKRUPTCY.

Office at the Court House (first floor), Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. de19-3m

J. LAMBERT,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Will practice in all the Courts of the State. Office: Masonic Block, Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. de19-3m

DR. GEORGE H. JACKSON,

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,

OFFICE—In Odd-Fellows' Block, corner of First and Main streets, Woodland.

RESIDENCE—Second street, between Lincoln and Oak avenues. de12-3m

THOMAS ROSS, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal. Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office, over Nicklesburg's store. Residence, Front street, immediately west of College Chapel. de12-3m

M. GARDNER, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal; now located at Davisville, Cal. de12-3m

P. H. SIBLEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office three doors east of Postoffice, Woodland. Will attend to any business in all the Courts of this State, and any other business pertaining to the profession. de12-3m

ARMSTRONG & HINKSON,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Office, Fifth street, between I and J, adjoining Sacramento Savings Bank,

de12 SACRAMENTO. [3m

GILES E. SILL,

NOTARY PUBLIC & INSURANCE AGENT,

Office in Odd Fellows' Block, (second story,) cor. Main and First Sts., Woodland. de12

F. E. BAKER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

Office No. 1, Odd Fellows' Block, Woodland, California.

☞ LOANS NEGOTIATED on good security at low rates of interest. de5-3m

PRATHER & PLOMTEAUX,

DENTISTS,

Have removed to their new rooms in Odd Fellows' Block, cor. Main and First streets. Office Hours—8 o'clock A. M. to 5 P. M. de5

DR. C. P. GETTIER,

DENTAL ROOMS, BANK BUILDING, MAIN ST

(Over Frost & Bush's Law Office.)

Dental Surgery in all cases skillfully performed. Diseases of the mouth and offensive breath cured. Mechanical Dentistry done in the best style of the art. Teeth Extracted without Pain. All Operations Warranted. no28-3m

CREED HAYMOND,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

Office over Gillig, Mott & Co's, No. 53 J street, Sacramento. Residence, Golden Eagle Hotel. no21-3m

STERLING G. HARPER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Office in Odd Fellows' Building, Woodland, Cal. no15-3m

W. R. HINKSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Fifth street, bet. I and J, Sacramento. In Office with Armstrong & Hinkson. no15

JAMES JOHNSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND

COURT COMMISSIONER FOR YOLO CO.

Office up stairs, in the Bank building, Woodland. no8-3m

DR. B. H. PEIRSON,

PHYSISICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office a few doors east of the Postoffice, Woodland. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. and from 7 to 9 P. M., unless professionally engaged. no8-3m

BANK OF WOODLAND.

WOODLAND, CAL.

Capital Stock $500,000.

J. D. STEPHENS.....PRESIDENT.
F. S. FREEMAN...VICE PRESIDENT.
C. W. BUSH.....CASHIER.

Money Loaned on Real Estate, Personal or Collateral Security.

Discount days, Tuesdays and Fridays.

Exchange Furnished on Sacramento, San Francisco, and Eastern and European Cities.

Collections promptly attended to at all available points.

☞ County Warrants purchased, and Greenbacks and all kinds of Government Securities bought and sold. Papers, and all kinds of valuables, securely kept, free of charge. de5

Agents Wanted

—FOR THE—

HISTORY OF THE GRANGE MOVEMENT

OR THE

Farmers' War Against Monopolies.

Being a full and authentic account of the struggles of the American Farmers against the extortions of the Railroad Companies, with a history of the rise and progress of the Order of Patrons of Husbandry; its objects and prospects. It sells at sight. Send for specimen pages and terms to Agents, and see why it sells faster than any other book. Address, A. L. BANCROFT & CO., 721 Market St., ja16-7t San Francisco, Cal.

Majority Report of Senate Judiciary Committee,

On Resolutions of Inquiry in Relation to the State Board of Examiners.

MR. PRESIDENT:—The majority of the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred Senate resolution of inquiry in the matter of the State Board of Examiners, report the same back to the Senate, with the result of their deliberations.

By the terms of the resolution we were instructed to answer two questions, as follows:

First—What amount of money, if any, has the present Board of Examiners, and each member thereof, drawn from the Treasury as payment, or salary, for services as members of said Board?

Second—If any moneys have been so drawn, was the act of said officers in drawing and receiving the same in conformity to the Constitution and Laws of this State, or otherwise?

The following communication from Hon. J. J. Green, State Controller, in response to a note addressed to him by the Chairman, is a complete answer to the first query:

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF STATE, SACRAMENTO, December 15th, 1873.

Hon. W. W. PENDEGAST,

Chairman Senate Judiciary Committee:

DEAR SIR:—In compliance with your request of this date, I beg leave to state that the portion of the Political Code relating to the salary of the State Board of Examiners, went into effect May-first, eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

The first warrants drawn for such services were drawn July thirty-first, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, and monthly thereafter, up to November thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-three.

Amount drawn in favor of Newton Booth.....
Amount drawn in favor of Drury Melone.....$1,415 65
Am't drawn in favor of J. L. Love...1,415 65
2,125 00

Total amount drawn.....$4,958 30

I am, sir, respectfully yours,

JAMES J. GREEN, Controller.

Upon the second and most important subdivision of the inquiry, we have had much more difficulty, and have not been able to present a unanimous answer. The importance of the matter, the general attention which it has attracted, and the fact that a minority of the committee have reached a conclusion different from ours, renders it proper, in our opinion, to state our views at some length, and to make our position as clear as possible to the Senate.

The statute which created the Board of Examiners in this State was approved April twenty-first, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, and will be found in the statutes of that year on page two hundred and twelve. It will be observed that section eighteen of said Act provides for the payment of a salary to each of the members of said Board, which was constituted then, as now, of the Governor, Secretary of State, and Attorney General. The two members first named were to receive for their services one thousand dollars, and the last named, one thousand five hundred dollars per annum. This act remained in force, and funds were appropriated for the payment of such salaries, until the sixth day of May, A. D., eighteen hundred and sixty-one, upon which day another Act, bearing on the question, was approved and became a law. From this act we extract the following sections, entire:

SECTION 1. There shall be paid, in the manner provided by law, to the several officers and persons named in this act, the following amount of salaries per annum: To the Governor of the State, seven thousand dollars per annum; to the Secretary of State, four thousand dollars per annum; to the Attorney General, four thousand dollars per annum; to the Surveyor General, two thousand dollars per annum; to the Superintendent of Public Instruction, three thousand dollars per annum; to the State Librarian, two thousand five hundred dollars per annum; *provided*, that he shall not receive any other salary or emolument whatever, but such as is provided in this Act; to the Governor's Private Secretary, one thousand eight hundred dollars per annum.

SEC. 2. None of the officers enumerated in section 1 of this Act shall receive any other compensation whatever, for any duties that are now or may hereafter be required of them by law, than such as is fixed by this Act. No new office which is now or may hereafter be created, the duties of which, in whole or in part, shall be required to be performed by any of such officers, shall entitle them to receive any extra compensation therefor; *provided*, that all fees received by any of the officers herein named, which have been heretofore applied to their own use, shall be paid by them into the State Treasury and placed to the credit of the Common School Fund.

SEC. 8. All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed.

That this Act of eighteen hundred and sixty-one operated as a complete repeal of that section of the Act of eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, which provided for the payment of the Examiners, we have no manner of doubt. While it does not mention said Act of eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, by its title or the date of its approval, it sweeps it away by "*necessary implication*," as it is simply impossible for the two Acts to stand together, and the one earlier in date must, by well established rules, go to the wall.

The Board of Examiners then remained in existence, as at first constituted, but without compensation. No money was appropriated or paid for such services during the administrations of Governors Stanford, Low, and Haight, and no question was made during all the period covered by their respective terms, but that while the law still imposed the duty it withheld the pay.

The law of eighteen hundred and sixty-one continued and remained in force down to the candidacy, election, and induction into office of the present State administration, and for months after the latter event. The present Governor, Secretary of State, and Attorney General, were elected not only as such officers, but also as members of the State Board of Examiners, and the obligations of office which they took upon themselve in December, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, imposed upon them the duties required by law from said Board; and the law then in force declared, in plain, explicit terms, that for the performance of these duties they should receive no extra compensation.

The Political Code reënacted the provisions of the law of eighteen hundred and fifty-eight as to the salary of members of the Board of Examiners, and the Legislature of eighteen hundred and seventy-one and two appropriated money to pay such salaries. That portion of the Code which contains the said reënactment, went into effect and became an active law May first, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, several months after the incoming of the present administration, and since that date the salaries have been drawn by the members of said Board.

We are now squarely confronted with the question as to the legality of these payment of salary. We find in the State Constitution the following provisions:

ARTICLE V.

SECTION 21. The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Controller, Treasurer, Attorney General, and Surveyor General, shall each, at stated times during their continuance in office, receive for their services a compensation, which shall not be increased or diminished during the term for which they shall have been elected; but neither of these officers shall receive for his own use, any fees for the performance of his official duties.

And it seems to us that the question is answered by the organic law itself. But we deem it proper to state positions taken by our dissenting colleagues, and our objection to their method of reasoning. They claim, if we understand them correctly, that the apparent increase of compensation to the present Governor, Secretary of State, and Attorney General, during the currency of their terms, escapes the inhibition of the Constitution, because it is not paid to them *as such* officers, but for the performance of ex-official duties. We cannot concur in this idea. It seems to us that if the law-making power had authority, and exercised it, to invest these officers with the functions of Examiners, as a consequence of there holding these offices in chief, that the foundation upon which our colleagues would rest is washed from under them. Had the Legislature such power? We understand our dissenting colleagues to answer in the negative, for the reason that under the constitutional "distribution of powers" the executive department of the government cannot be charged with other functions. This argument, if sound, involves its authors in defeat, because it destroyes the Board of Examiners, and leaves it in a condition of constitutional non-existence. If there are no Examiners, there should of be no pay.

But we do not think there is a serious doubt but that the Legislature had the power questioned and exercised it. We see no conflict in the duties of either of these officers, as such, and those pertaining to the examination of claims and accounts against the State; and find no precedent in conflict with our views.

We cannot forbear to indicate the possible consequences of an admission that the constitutional provision above quoted (Article V, section twenty-one), applied only to the main office held by the incumbent, and not to duties appertaining thereto, "*ex virtute officii.*" How easy it would be to evade the evident intent of the framers of our Constitution; which intention, unquestionably, was, that during the currency of the terms of the State officers named in section twenty-one, the question of increase or diminution of their pay should not be agitated. The Governor, for example, is also a Director of the State Prison, a University Regent, a Yosemite Park Commissioner, a State Capitol Commissioner, etc. And if the view of our dissenting colleagues be correct, while we cannot increase his compensation as Governor, by that name and title, we can give him any extra amount we please by simply referring to his office under one of its many branch titles. We could thus destroy the whole beneficial effect of the constitutional limitation, and pile up the compensation to most unreasonable amounts. We do not assume that these things would be done, but simply that they could be; and it is the province of wise and prudent legislation to guard against all dangers, whether they be imminent, or only remotely possible.

If the wisdom of this constitutional restriction was a proper subject of discussion here, it could, in our opinion, be triumphantly vindicated. Nothing could be much more abject than the position of a Governor, or other State officer, whose salary was liable at any moment to be cut down to starvation point by the caprice, whim, or partisan hostility of the Legislature, and nothing could be much more dangerous than to give to the Legislature unbridled power to reward its favorites by increase of their official compensations. We make these suggestions merely to show how important it is that the solid reasons upon which the limitation rests should not be undermined by strained or loose construction.

We are conducted by our reasoning to the following results, and from them we can but say that we perceive no logical methods of escape:

First—At the commencement of the terms of the present Governor, Secretary of State, and Attorney General, the statute of eighteen hundred and fifty-eight was in force, in so far as it imposed upon those officers the duties of a Board of Examiners.

Second—That it was competent for the Legislature to impose those duties upon the officers named at the time said law was passed.

Third—That the present officers, when they became Governor, Secretary of State, and Attorney General, respectively, also became members of the Board of Examiners, and became as fully bound to perform any other duties pertaining to their respective offices; that they could have been compelled to perform said duties by writ of mandamus in case they had refused or neglected to do so.

Fourth—That the section of the statute of eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, which provides compensation for such services, was repealed by the Act of eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and that by other terms in said Act of eighteen hundred and sixty-one, those duties were made a consequent of their offices in chief, without extra compensation.

Fifth—That the Act of May first, eighteen hundred and seventy-two (part of Political Code), did not, and under the Constitution could not, provide for the payment of salary to the then and now incumbent Board of Examiners.

Sixth—That the acts of the members of said Board in drawing and receiving such salaries are in violation of the Constitution and without warrant of law; and as a final conclusion, that steps should be immediately taken to stop any further payments to said Board of Examiners, and to secure the return to the treasury of the sums already withdrawn therefrom.

Hon. "Effigy" Sargent.

The Hon. Aaron Effigy Sargent, who represents the Central Pacific Railroad Ring of California in the United States Senate, is not eminent as a statesman; neither is he endowed with that political tact which often serves instead of statesmanship to give persons in high places a fictitious importance. Indeed, in his eagerness to serve the interest of the monopolists to whom he owes his office he has frequently permitted his zeal to outrun his discretion, and by his disregard of propriety, injured instead of serving the cause of his employers. Still Sargent sometimes says a good thing, and in the debate on the salary grab last Friday he got off an exceedingly neat one. At that stage of the debate the salary bill before the Senate, as amended by Mr. Hamilton of Maryland repealed all the act of March 3, 1873, increasing salaries, except that part applying to Judges of the Supreme Court, and made the repeal take effect in the case of the President on March 4, 1877. Now Sargent would stand on his head in the Senate chamber if it was necessary in order to gain a grim smile or even a grunt of approbation from the White House; and discovering in Mr. Hamilton's amendment, as he thought, a reflection on the President, deemed it his duty and privilege to resent it. So he raised his voice against the amendment, declaring that it singled out President Grant for reprobation; that his ears were to be nailed to a post for the next four years to receive all the jeers as the only one receiving the increased salary. It was generally understood in Washington at the beginning of the session that the President, having secured his own salary grab signing the bill giving members of Congress the increased pay, and feeling assured that his own salary could not constitutionally be reduced during his present term of office, was profoundly indifferent as to whether Congress repealed the other provisions of the salary bill or not. But it seems that the manifestations of public opinion on this subject have been so marked and significant that he does not covet the distinction of the individual to benefit by the provisions of the unpopular bill, or as Sargent so neatly expresses it, of "having his ears nailed to a post for the next four years." The point was well put, but still we doubt whether Sargent's way of putting it will be very gratefully appreciated in the White House.—*N. Y. Sun.*

HOW A REPORTER LOST HIS SITUATION.—It is said that in a moment of temporary insanity, a Boston city editor assigned a horse racing, base ball and acquatic reporter to report in half a column the Sunday services at the church of a sensational preacher. This is the report he published and for which he was discharged:

"The House met at 10 A.M. Prayer by the chaplain. The first race was between the chaplain and the singers, it being a pretty even match for the first two heats; but the singers got the best of the last three heats, and came in on the amen two lengths ahead, winning the last three heats and race. Time 5:02. Petitions were then presented for forgiveness, and other similar matters, and notice was given for special assignments during the coming week for obvious objects. The singers then sailed up to the judges' stand, and, after getting into position, sailed away on the course with all canvass set and a spanking breeze from the organ, which drove them along in fine style. The top rigged flat flying the blue pennant was well ahead at the stake, and came home ahead of all the fleet. The speaker then took the floor, and announced his intention to ask that the resolutions of censure that had been heaped upon Ananias should be rescinded, and proceeded to read the records of the case, from which it appeared that Ananias had sold his horse and had not given all the price to the church. The speaker then went on to say that no reason appeared on the records for Ananias to give any, and much less all his property to the church, and he questioned if any of those before him would do any more than Ananias had in the same place. He then went on to show that Ananias had obeyed his wife in the matter, and expressed his belief that few of those before him could say as much for themselves. After further arguments of similar character, he moved that the character of Ananias be, and is hereby declared A 1 by the members of the House."

A TRIBUTE TO EX-SENATOR CASSERLY.—In a speech in the United States Senate, on the 7th instant, Senator Bayard paid the following just tribute to his former associate in that assemblage: "The seat on my left was the seat of a Senator from California (Mr. Casserly), than whom no more devoted public servant was ever in public life; whose absence subtracts from the Chamber and from the Councils of this nation as much of pure, high character, culture and high ability as would the absence of any other man now upon the floor of either House of Congress. Compelled by ill health, caused by over devotion in the public lic service, he resigned his place as Senator on the first day of the present session."

SMALL BABIES.—On Sunday morning, the 18th ult., Mrs. McCrum, who lives on Parsons street, Kalamazoo, Michigan, gave birth to a pair of twins. The two were weighed together in a basket, in which they were carefully placed, and their net weight was one pound and ten ounces each! They are perfectly formed, lively, and all right except in size. They are likely to live, and so is the mother. She is the parent of several children, some of whom are grown up. The house where the children are has been besieged by persons anxious to see the little human beings. They are kept in a little box of cotton batting, and are the tiniest little dolls ever thought of.

INDIANS in Siskiyou county are killing the cattle of settlers to save themselves from starvation. The department has promised relief on the earnest application of Congressman Luttrell.

A Religious Journal Against Public Robbery.

Let us commend, says the Marshal, Mich., *Democratic Expounder*, to the careful perusal of all who want honest government, (and who does not?) the following comment of the *Watchman and Reflector*, of Boston. Remember the above paper is a strong supporter of the Republican party as it used to be. This journal simply puts a very moderate face on such things as crop out upon the surface. It is almost incredible that men whom we have been accustomed to trust have become so far corrupted as to have neither the slightest regard for law nor for the treasury, which an over-confident people have intrusted to them:

"The discovery of the landaulet affair in connection with the nomination of Attorney-General Williams, is very significant. His appointment to the office of Chief Justice was met by a most determined opposition by men who knew him well as incompetent to fill the high position. He was lacking in legal ability and attainments and in the largeness of intellect for that important office. It was his unfitness in these respects which rendered his nomination so universally unpopular. In all this opposition to him we do not know that a word was uttered which bore against his character as a man of integrity and of unsullied life. But the President urged his appointment. The opposition grew more intense. This led to a sharper investigation of the Attorney-General. His private life and character were subjected to a merciless scrutiny. It was not long before an ugly looking fact was turned up. It was found that the carriage that he kept for his private use, was bargained for by him, and paid for by the United States Treasury.

It is a most significant fact. It goes to show that somehow dishonesty has undermined and honey-combed a large part of our American character. It doesn't help the matter one whit when it is said it is an isolated case, that it has come to be a custom among our public functionaries to have carriages, horses, and stables which have been purchased at the expense of the nation. The fact is that no consent of the nation has ever given to any such custom any right to exist. Call such a thing what we will, we must, if we are ourselves at all honest, call it by its right name—theft. It is all the worse that a large number of honorable men are in the same condition. It only goes to show that to a very large extent there exists under this fine reputation one thing or an other which will not stand daylight scrutiny.

There is a "landaulet," a horse, or a stable, or a back-pay affair—some miserable thing of some kind which a close scrutiny is sure to disclose in the lives of a great many of our reputable men. Is not this enough to tingle with shame the cheek of every high-minded American left among us.

POISONED BY EATING SAUSAGES.—NEW YORK, February 2.—A dispatch from Cincinnati gives an alarming account of poisoning at Aurora, Indiana, from eating pork infected by *trichina spiratis*. Mr. Threnhart, residing there, had two hogs killed for home consumption one month ago, one of which had been sick with what had been known as the droop. A quantity of sausages was made with the meat, Mrs. Threnhart and children partaking freely. On Tuesday last they were all sick with pain in the bowels, vomiting and diarrhœa. The neighbors kindly helped them. Mrs. Negley, wife of a Methodist clergyman, and her child, partook of the sausage; also Miss Davis, Miss Mollenhoff, a young man named Kreiger, and Miss Poys. The meat, on being examined by physicians, was found to be literally alive with *trichina*. Mr. Threnhart's oldest boy and girl will undoubtedly die. The others may recover.

STOPPING HENS FROM SETTING.—A writer in the *Poultry World* says his plan for curing hens of a desire to set is, to put them in an open yard, where there are no nests or roosting places, and differing as much as possible in appearance from their regular quarters, and feed them liberally with soft food made rather hot with cayenne; also, give them plenty of cooked meat and all the milk they will drink. Another way has been tried by Mr. J. E. Smith, Dearborn, N. H., who writes to the *Journal of the Farm* as follows: "I was much amused some days since by an old setting hen. Having tried all the usual ways to induce her to leave her nest, I concluded to use 'moral suasion.' I placed two lumps of ice in her nest after taking her off. The "old critter," as usual in such cases, soon returned and took a seat, which seemed to disagree with her; after a few hours Mrs. Hen concluded to associate with her fellows."

HOW THE MONEY GOES.—The Hon. Martin Maginnis, of Montana, explains why the appropriations are increasing at the rate of a million a year. He says that he has the personal knowledge of the operations of the Indian Bureau and Indian agents. They will take a barrel of sugar to an Indian tribe, and get a receipt for ten barrels. For a sack of flour the Indians will sign a receipt for fifty. The agent will march three hundred head of cattle four times through a corral, get a receipt for twelve hundred, give a part of them to the Indians, sell a part to a white man, and steal as many back as possible. Mr. Maginnis thinks that the only remedy is to place Indian affairs in the hands of army officers, who will treat the Indians with justice and firmness, and who have no relish for Indian wars, as they entail much hardship and bring no glory.

THE wedding anniversary celebrations occur as follows: Three days, sugar; sixty days, vinegar; first anniversary, iron; fifth anniversary, wooden; tenth anniversary, tin; fifteenth anniversary, crystal; twentieth anniversary, china; twenty-fifth anniversary, silver; thirtieth anniversary, cotton; thirty-fifth anniversary, linen; fortieth anniversary, woolen; forty-fifth anniversary, silk; fiftieth anniversary, golden; seventy-fifth anniversary, diamond.

THE Lower California Colonization Company has a claim for $22,000,000 before the Mexican Claims Commission for revocation of a land contract by the Juarez Government of Mexico, which had been made by the preceding Comonfort Government.

The Yolo Democrat,

With Half-Sheet Supplement;

MAKING SIX PAGES EVERY WEEK.

WOODLAND, CAL:

Friday, Feb. 6th, 1874.

Letter from Sacramento.

[From our Special Correspondent.]

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 4th, 1874.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT.—Two subjects of vast importance to the people have lingered along very slowly and are yet upon the tapis, but it is to be hoped they will now shortly be disposed of. One is

FREIGHTS & FARES.

This subject was before the Legislature four years ago and was then quite thoroughly discussed, but that session finally concluded to let the matter rest. Well, as corporations have no souls, of course they have no conscientious scruples, nor any care except to make the most money in the shortest time. The last Legislature also went after this most important question. There were bills introduced into both houses, and our mutual Friend Luttrell got upon the "tidal wave" on this question and was thereby drifted into Congress. He made his first impression by a speech upon this matter of freights and fares, and being a good bush wacker went ahead and is now one of the ciroracles of the land. This session your man Freeman has the glory of being the author of the bill that will most likely pass upon this vexed question. Whether this is a good or a bad act, it is bettter to have it passed and give it a trial. The people are so moved and so determined that nothing less than an act will pacify them. The Railroad Company are not moving in opposition to this bill. It is possible the company expects the bill to be amended and then it will commence its fight. The other bill referred to above is the

NO FENCE LAW.

This law has had a full and free discussion for the last two years and obtained for Tom Fowler a notoriety that is not enviable. He had an interest in letting the cattle roam at large over his own and his neighbors' lands. Well, the people have now triumphed and we may look for some improment in the counties of Tulare, Kern, Monterey, Fresno and others. This is the

GREAT COTTON REGION

Of our State, and perhaps of the United States. From the State Agricultural Report of this year, (page 290,) I find Fresno, Tulare and Kern have an agregate of cotton land said to be the best in the world, amounting to 14,250,000 acres. The whole of the land in the ten cotton States that has been put in cultivation amounts to 8,482,905. This opens up a world of thought. Now, since the herds of cattle that have roamed over this productive soil have been by law given into charge of their owners, who must hereafter take care of them and not allow them to trespass on their neighbors' ground, we may look for a wonderful advance in those rich, fertile, extensive counties. They will yet become the garden of the State.

STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

While it is rather discouraging to find our laws so moulded that each citizen can get his own, it is rather discouraging to find the highest officers of our State grasping for the last cent within there reach. The Board of State Examiners, composed of the Governor, the Sec. of State and the Att'y General, all taking as much as by *any construction* of the law they are entitled to, the committee who had this matter under investigation report that none of the officers composing this body (the Board of Examiners,) are entitled by law or in equity to a dollar of this money which they have drawn. When we consider they are the ones who examine into the justice and legality of all claims against the State, and ought to be well qualified to judge upon such matters, and that they have deliberately drawn this salary, we feel their acts are deeply to be regretted as well as censured. The committee asks that suits be instituted to obtain a return of the money. Mr. Edgerton has introduced a bill authorizing the State Treasurer to bring suit against each of them.

NEGRO CHILDREN.

How often have we been told by the opposite party, "we don't want social equality; we want simply the negro's natural rights. We want their liberty and are opposed to miscegenation or negro equality in any shape or form." But now come the negro worshipers and ask that the distinction between black and white be stricken from our schools; that our children be, at a tender age, seated along side negro children and taught that the negro is in every way their equal both as to social and intellectual status. First the fight was not to free the negro, oh no! just to save the Union—then not to give him political rights—not to send him to Congress—oh, no! just to emancipate him. Now, not social equality—oh, no! just his rights in the school. Bah! The man who would force his offspring to sit beside the little darkey would force a daughter to marry a negro if he thought it would advance his own personal interests.

SWAMP LAND FUND.

'Tis some days since I knew of a deficit in the account of the Swamp Land Fund, but for certain reasons refrained to write about it, and I will here premise that every thing *may* be explained; but the matter at present looks dark. The books show that $437,474 78 were paid into the treasury by the several counties; that there was paid out and used for reclamation purposes, $137,498 55, and that there was returned to the counties by warrants $132,862 67; which amounts to $270,361 22. This taken from $437,474 78, leaves a deficit of $167,113 50. This ought to be looked into.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.

Mr. Finney to-day, Feb. 3d, made a speech of one hour and a half, in favor of the abolition of capital punishment. He left the main issue away to one side and talked of the interests of the criminal generally. The protection of society and prevention of crime with him are secondary matters. With the statesman they are first. INDEX.

LEG BROKEN.—A horse belonging to E. L. Clark of this place was kicked by another with which it was running loose in the corral the other day, and its leg broken short off. The animal was valued at $100, and parties to whom it was given after the accident have splinted and bandaged the leg in true surgical style, thinking they can cure it.

Apportionment of County School Funds.

I have apportioned to-day from the County School Fund of Yolo County, $19,071, among 2,119 Census Pupils, to the several School Districts, as follows:

	Pupils.	Amts.
Woodland	402	$3618
Buchanan	36	324
Washington	151	1359
Cottonwood	59	531
Prairie	46	414
Cache Creek	34	306
Grand Island	7	63
Merritt	30	270
Grafton	125	1125
Union	44	396
Franklin	25	225
Putah	38	342
Buckeye	45	405
Fillmore	39	351
Plainfield	73	657
Willow Slough	30	270
Monument	20	180
Pine Grove	29	261
Cañon	39	351
Woodland Prarie	17	153
Sacramento River	25	225
Monitor	37	333
Eureka	56	504
Gordon	58	522
Capay	64	576
Fairfield	30	270
Enterprise	14	126
Liberty	34	306
Vernon	21	189
Pleasant Prairie	34	306
Fairview	34	306
Spring Lake	21	189
Yolo	111	999
Mount Pleasant	29	261
North Grafton	46	414
Clover	32	288
Montgomery	29	261
Lisbon	36	324
Haight	22	198
Cacheville	59	531
Center	38	342
Totals	2119	$19,071

All of which is respectfully submitted. G. N. FREMAN,
School Supt., Yolo Co.

THE OLD FOLKS' CONCERTS.—We had the pleasure of being present at the first of these entertainments and had we the room should take pleasure in making lengthy mention of the performances. But space forbids. We must say, however, that it was one of the very best entertainments ever given in this place. The costumes were appropriate and quaint indeed, representing old Continental and more recent times. All the thirty performers seemed to appreciate their parts and well did they act them. There were fine representations of the splendid Martha Washington and the General himself; the handsome young ladies as well as the matrons and more aged females of the then period; also the sterner sex of different ages—all in proper "rig" and filling the bill to a charm. The singing and instrumental music was excellent. We considered "When you and I were young Maggie," and "Maggie's Answer," the gem of the evening. We are glad that this entertainment drew so large an audience, the large hall and gallery being well filled. And all will be glad to know that the performances will be repeated on Saturday evening with an entire new programme. We would advice those who want seats to go early or they will not get them. No reserved seats.

STAND FROM UNDER.—The Supervisors of this county are managing matters with a high hand. They advertised for proposals to do the county printing for one year, received bids (as will be seen from the synopsis of their proceedings), and then awarded a contract entirely independent of those bids—in fact one of them made figures to suit himself, then made a motion that a contract be awarded Wagstaff for one year for $570 50, the sum he had fixed up, and was sustained in it by the two other Republican members. Now, had not bids been asked for, but the printing been given to the *Mail*, we would have been the last to complain. But this is not all. Developments are being made already that show that even now the contract is unfairly awarded, it is not to be enforced. In a little from this things will be ripe for ventilation, and they will most assuredly be ventilated as far as we are able to do it. Verily, this is a *Reform* Board!

WOOD'S MAGAZINE.—The February number of *Wood's Household Magazine* is really a marvel of what can be furnished for only one dollar a year; considering the cost and the quality this is the cheapest magazine which comes to our table. We have not room to specify the articles which fill the pages before us, but they are many and excellent. The magazine contains three engravings. The publisher announces that hereafter the magazine will *always* be illustrated.

Subscriptions may begin with any number. Only one dollar a year, or with Chromo Yosemite, $1 50. Address Wood's Household Magazine, Newburgh, N. Y.

FANCY POULTRY.—See Dr. Prather's advertisement of poultry and eggs.

New Advertisements.

NEW

Shaving and Hair-Dressing

SALOON,

HUMMEL BROS., Proprietors,

One Door East of Yolo Market,

MAIN STREET, - - WOODLAND.

All work in the Tonsorial line warranted to please.

☞ Orders for Ladies' Hair Work received and promptly attended to by an accomplished Ladies' Hair-Dresser.

WM. HUMMEL,
P. HUMMEL.

fe6-3m

Probate Notice.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF WM. K. WARNER, deceased.

In the Probate Court of Yolo County, California:

Pursuant to an order of the Probate Court of the County of Yolo, State of California, made and entered on the 4th day of February, 1874:

Notice is hereby given that SATURDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, A. D. 1874, at One o'clock P.M. of said day, at the Court Room of said Court, at the Court House in Woodland, Yolo County, has been appointed a time and place for hearing any objections to the Report of the Appraisers of the Homestead of PHŒBE R. WARNER, widow of Wm. K. Warner, deceased, filed in said Court on the 29th day of January, 1874; when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, February 4th, 1874.

fe6-3t Attest: D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.

For Sale!

A Ranch situated in Tehama Co.,

Six miles from Tehama; improved by a good House, Barn, Chicken House, Smoke House, a good Well, two living holes of water, and containing 160 acres of good land—100 acres fenced and improved. Will be sold at a great sacrifice if immediately applied for.

For information apply through the Post or Express office to WM. H. STEWART,

New Advertisements.

GRAND BALL,

—ON—

St. Patrick's Day, March 17,

TO BE GIVEN AT

KNIGHT'S LANDING,

AT UNION HALL,

The proceeds to be used for the

REPAIRING OF THE CATHOLIC CHURCH AT KNIGHT'S LANDING.

COMMITTEE OF INVITATION.

WOODLAND—Jas. Douglas, A. Brownell, John Schurley, C. Barney.

CACHEVILLE—James Martin, C. St. Louis, Paul Lemieux.

DUNIGAN'S—George Louis, — Erl.

DAVISVILLE—E. A. Kinsman, Dr. Pierce, Wm. Dreshach.

KNIGHT'S LANDING—Hon. C. F. Reed, J. W. Snowball, R. Huston, Julius Martin.

FLOOR MANAGERS.

H. M. Hoyt, M. E. Clowe, A. C. Turner, F. E. Adams, S. W. Raveley.

Tickets, - Including Supper - **$3.00.**

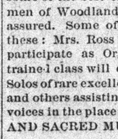
Supper to be given at Restaurant.

fe6-td

Woodland Poultry Yards

Unsurpassed on the Pacific Coast.

Imported from the Most Celebrated Yards in the East.



Buff, White, Black and Patridge Cochins; Dark and Light Brahmas; White and Brown Leghorns; White and Golden Polands; Silver Spangled Hamburgs, Houdans, and Golden Sebright Bantams.

ALSO,

Bronze Turkeys and Rouen Ducks.

Eggs from $6 to $12 per dozen.

fe6-3m Address, DR. W. J. PRATHER, Woodland, Cal.

"We'll sing the songs our fathers sung
In days of Auld Lang Syne."

The Old Folks

PROPOSE TO SING,

"For ye delectationne of ye publicke, divers moste sweete tunes," taken from those our forefathers were wont to use, "for ye delightyng of their hearts, and ye conducting of their devotions,"

At Central Hall, Woodland,

ON SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 7TH.

The Best Talent since the landing of the Pilgrim Fathers has been engaged and no expense spared.

The Choicest old-time Music,

VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL.

The Performers will be garbed in the Costumes of the Times represented.

GRANDMA SIBLEY

Will perform on the Spinopticon, an instrument of rare power and tone.

AN OLD GENTLEMAN will speak his piece.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, Performances commence at 7½ sharp.

Admission, Half a Dollar; Gude Children, accompanied by their Parents, 25 cents.

☞For Particulars see Programmes. ja30-2

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE.

The Concert of the Citizen Class

IN VOCAL MUSIC!

Which was postponed on account of bad weather, will be brought forward on

WEDNESDAY, February 11.

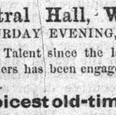
MR. FOSTER wishes to say he intends to make it a fine affair of pleasing and elevating enjoyment; and having the co-operation of some of the best citizens, Ladies and Gentlemen of Woodland, he counts on success as assured. Some of the points of interest are these: Mrs. Ross and Mrs. Templeton will participate as Organists; Mrs. Ross' well-trained class will contribute some Duets and Solos of rare excellence—Miss Libbie Saunders and others assisting. Also, some of the best voices in the place will be heard in SECULAR AND SACRED MUSIC.

Tableaus, of a new and striking character!

ILLUSTRATIVE SCENES, calculated to warm up our patriotism and admiration to the highest pitch. These, together with a little spice of the laughable, will make some of the leading features of the programme. As there is room and plenty of seats in Washington Hall for a large crowd, we hope the spacious apartment may present a perfect jam of live humanity. Reader, come yourself and bring your friends. Exercises will commence precisely at half-past seven o'clock. Admission, Fifty cents; children half price.

ja30-2t

GRAND CONCERT AND BALL.



The Very Best Musical Treat

THIS SEASON

Will be, without doubt, the Grand Concert to be given by the MEMBERS OF THE LIEDERKRANZ and ELLIS' BRASS BAND, at

WASHINGTON HALL,

ON FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 13.

Both Societies are making great preparations. The Opening piece will be the Chapel Song, a beautiful Air, to be sung by the Liederkranz, accompanied by the Full Band, making a Chorus of from thirty to forty persons—Vocal and Instrumental. Another attraction will be the Anvil Chorus, performed by a Full Orchestra of from fifteen to twenty persons. Besides these, there will be Flute, Cornet and Clarionet Solos, a Clarionet Duett, several Vocal (Female and Male) Solos and Duetts, a Choice Selection of Pieces by the Band, and the best Songs the Liederkranz can produce. The Songs will be partly German and partly English. A full programme will be out next week.

Tickets for the Concert, 50 Cts.,

Can be had from any of the Members.

THE BALL.

Immediately after the Concert, the Ball will commence. The Music will consist of an Orchestra of twelve to fifteen insrtruments, a rare thing in this part of the world. A good selection of Floor Managers is made, who will see that everybody enjoys themselves.

TICKETS FOR THE BALL, $1 A COUPLE.

ja30-3w

DELINQUENT LIST

—OF—

TAXPAYERS

—AND—

Unpaid Taxes of Yolo Co.

—FOR THE—

YEAR 1873-74.

	Amt. of Taxes and Costs.
A.	
Allison, James G—Lot No 3 Elliott's E Ad to Woodland	11 80
Abbott, J M—S w ¼ of s w ¼ of s e ¼ sec 31, t 10 n, r 2 e; lot 14 Welch's Ad to Woodland; lot in Welch's Ad bounded n by Cross st, e by Moses, s by Martin, w by First st	22 51
Ayer, L B—W ½ sec 16, t 12 n, r 2 w	21 34
Asher, James—W ½ lot 2 Fiske & Messenger's Ad to Woodland	19 71
Ashby, J—Personal property	3 76
Atkinson, J M—Poll tax	3 15
Andres, Lewis— N½ of n w ¼ sec 3, t 9 n, r 1 w; s w ¼ sec 34, t 10 n, r 1 w	64 57
Armstead, W B—Personal property	55
Avery, A S—Personal property	4 70
Adkinson, D O—S ½ of block No 33; all of block 30, 31, 32; lots 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 in block 34 in the Town of Washington	56 70
Atkinson, D O—Lot 15 block 5; lots 4, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 block 28; lots 14, 15 block 34; n ½ of block 38	17 90
Asberry, Sprague and others—Frac of lots 14, block 1, N Elliott's E Ad to Woodland; frac of lot 3 block 2 Fiske & Messenger's Ad to Woodland, bounded n by Lincoln ave, e by C P R R Co, s by Oak ave, w by Hollingsworth and Sprague	5 08
Armstrong, J O—Personal property	7 76
B.	
Baker, F E—S e ¼ sec 2, t 11 n, r 2 w	16 94
Berker & Kalen—Personal property	8 64
Barth C—Personal property	6 20
Belt, A J—Personal property	1 81
Buckley, R F—Personal property	56
Bumbaugh Bros—Personal property	64
Barnes, R—S w ¼ sec 20, t 9 n, r 1 e	21 34
Boggs, A L—Land in Woodland bounded n by street, e by Schardin, s by Ruggles & Newton, w by Houston	21 24
Braun, Larin—Block L Cañada de Capay	95 88
Brush, P P—S w ¼ sec 25, t 12 n, r 2 w	5 46
Berry, J J—Personal property	5 39
Bailey, G W—Personal property	77
Butler, John—N w ¼ and n w ¼ of e ¼ of sec 32, t 7 n, r 3 e	15 40
Barnes Abram—N w ¼ sec 16, t 9 n, r 1 e	32 67
Burns, Wm. D—Personal property	5 28
Bayliss, Smith & Co	12 09
Bush, Christian	1 03
Brickley, John	61
Benham, Robert—Lot in Woodland bounded n by Davidson, e by Brown, s by Oak ave, w by Day	7 36
Bynum, A C—Personal property	60
Blackmore, Wm—Personal property	8 54
Briggs—H H—Personal property	56
Burton, Thomas F—Personal property	1 31
Burchtel, Anton—Lot 15, block 1, Davisville	5 39
Barnes, L E—N e ¼ sec 4, t 9 n, r 1 e; n w ¼ sec 3, t 9 n, r 1 e	49 50
Boyd, Thos—Personal property	7 07
Beedle, John S—Frac n w ¼ sec 30, t 9 n r 1 e	18 19
Barton, Hiram—Lot No 5, block 2, range D, Davisville	11 90
Brown, John—Personal property	82
Brittenbacher, C—S e ¼ of n e ¼, and w ½ of s e ½ and n e ¼ of s e ¼ and s ½ of s e ¼ sec 23, t 7 n, r 3 e; n ½ and s e ¼ of n w ¼, and w ½ of s e ¼ and e ½ of s w ¼ (S L S 807) sec 28, t 7 n, r 3 e	34 86
Bryan, John E—Lots 19, 20, 21, block 28, Washington	3 13
Butler, John—N w ¼ sec 32, t 7 n, r 3 e	15 30
Barry, Wm—Poll tax	3 15
C.	
Carpenter, W R—Personal property	61
Cahill, John—Personal property	54
Coyle, John—Personal property	58
Clark, J Q A—Personal property	33 86
Chalder, John	74
Cofer, Daniel—Lot in Fiske and Messenger's Ad to Woodland, Hevel's block	7 01
Carr, Edward—N w ¼ sec 17, t 9 n, r 1 e	24 89
Collins, Mary—Lot in Fabricius' Ad to Woodland, 6 acres	2 95
Creason, S P—Personal property	5 39
Carpenter, L B—Personal property	1 02
Campbell, J R—Personal property	12 05
Cadenasso, G & Co—Personal property	2 95
Chapman, Morton—Personal property	5 20
Cook, Joseph—S e ¼ sec 10, t 9 n, r 2 e	21 09
Clark, Cassander—Personal property	4 10
Cook, J W—Personal property	7 07
Clark, W L—½ acre of land on Sacramento river	7 51
Crouse & Todhunter—Lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, block 2, Washington	69 10
Cornelius, Thomas—Personal property	98
Clark, Thos L—Personal property	61
Ceon, M W	2 13
Church, M E (South)—Lots 4 and 5 block 9; lots 1 and 10 block 8, Knight's Landing	10 14
Chamberlain, Wm—Lots 7 and 8, block 4, range D, Davisville	2 03
Clark, B C—Personal property	79
Cain, J F—Personal property	3 60
Cook, Wm—Personal property	7 89
Cole, N P—Lots 1 and 2, block 3, range E; lot 9 block 1 range E, Davisville	15 34
Campbell, James—Personal property	72
Currie, A (decd)—Land on Sacramento river bounded n c and s by lands of McCormick, and w by C H Gray	16 78
Cal and Oregon Railroad Co—W ½ sec 5, t 12 n, r 1 w; n w ¼ and n ½ of n e ¼ sec 7, t 12 r, r 1 w; s ½ and s ½ of n w ¼, and s w ¼ of w ½ sec 21, t 12 n, r 1 w; s ½ and n w ¼, s ½ and n w ½ of n e ¼ sec 19, t 12 n, r 1 w; w ½ of w ½ sec 21, t 12 n, r 1 w; n ½ s e ¼ and e ½ of s w ¼ sec 29, t 12 n, r 1 w; w ¼ and s w ¼ of n e ¼, and s ½ of s e ¼ sec 1, t 12 n, r 2 w; n ¼ of s w ½ of s w ¼ sec 35, t 12 n, r 1 w; e ½ and e ½ of w ½ of sec 3, t 12 n, r 2 w; c ½ of n ½ of n w ¼ of sec 11, t 12 n, r 2 w; s ½ of s ½ of sec 13, t 12 n, r 2 w; the whole of sec 3 t 11 n, r 1 w: n w ¼ of n w ¼, and s ¼ and n e ¼ of n e ¼ and s e ¼, and s e ¼ of s w ¼ of sec 11, t 12 n, r 1 w; w ½ and s e ¼, and w ½ of n e ¼ of sec 13, t 12 n, r 1 w; n w ¼ of s e ¼, and n e ¼ of sec 23, t 12 n, r 1 w; n e ¼ of n e ¼ of sec 27, t 12 n, r 1 e; the whole of sec 19, t 12 n, r 1 e; w ½ of w ½ of w ½ of n e ¼ of sec 29, t 12 n, r 1 w	280 74
Central Pacific R R Co—N ½ of s w ¼ sec 9, t 7 n, r 3 e; the whole of sec 7, t 6 n, r 3 e	30 08
Central Pacific R R Co, successors to W P R R Co—The whole of sec 1, t 9 n, r 2 e; n e ¼ sec 25, t 9 n, r 2 e; n ½ sec 5, t 9 n, r 3 e, e ½ and s w ¼ sec 7, t 9 n, r 3 e; e ½ and s e ¼ section 31, t 9 n, r 3 e; s w ½ sec 33, t 9 n, r 3 e; n w ¼ sec 5, t 7 n, r 3 e; n ½ and s w ½ sec 7, t 7 n, r 3 e; s e ¼ and s ½ of s w ½ sec 9, t 7 n, r 3 e; s ½ and n e ¼ sec 17, t 7 n, r 3 e; whole of sec 19, t 7 n, r 3 e; n ½ and s w ¼ and n ½ and s w ¼, and n ½ and s w ¼ of s e ½ of sec 21, t 7 n, r 3 e; n ½ and s w ¼, and w ½ of s e ¼ sec 29, t 7 n, r 3 e; whole of sec 31, t 7 n r 3 e	478 97
Cann, J B—Personal property	12 71
Cowell, W H—Lot 23, block 28, Washington	2 13
Clark, C W—Poll tax	3 15
Connor, J M—Personal property	56
Carter, J R—Personal property	5 28
Cacheville School Dist't—Land bounded n by Mellville & Dechene, s by Hutton, e by Second street	8 64
Collins, Timothy—E ½ of n w ¼ and s w ¼ of n w ¼, and n w ¼ of n e ¼ sec 4, t 11 n, r 4 w	3 76
Cox, Gustavus—W ½ of s e ¼ sec 2, t 9 n, r 2 e	3 76
Cook, John M—N w qr sec 11, t 9 n, r 2 e	5 71
Curtis, Mrs Catherine—Pers'l property	28 35
D.	
Dickerson, J M—E 20 feet lot 1 block 2 Woodland	$46 08
Dodson, O M—Personal property	11 96
Durkee, W W—Personal property	12 76
Dunning, S—Poll tax	3 15
Dearing, Charles—Personal property	54
Davis, John C—Lot in the Town of Buckeye	32 46
Drake, E R—N ht of s w qr sec 9, t 7 n, r 3 e	3 76
Douch, G J—Personal property	20 09
Dodge, W S—S ht of lot No 16 block 28, lot 2 block 34, and lot 4 block 4, Washington	4 36
Dana, L B—N w qr of n w qr, and s ht of n e qr and n e qr of n e qr of sec 6, t 6 n, r 3 e	13 67
Doe, John—S ht of s w qr sec 28, t 9 n, r 2 e, and uncollected tax for 1872 on same	11 96
Dungan, J L—E ht sec 16 t 12 n, r 2 w	13 67
E.	
Edinger, E—Personal property	66
Elliott Bros—Lots 5, 6 and 7 Elliott's N Ad to Woodland; lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 Elliott's N Ad to Woodland; lots 2, 3, 9 and 12 w part of each; land in town of Woodland bounded n by E Moses, e by School lot, s by Main st, and w by Fourth st	118 50
Elliott & Brown—Personal property	98
Elliott, F H— Do do	82
Enos, Sayers— Do do	3 69
Eisner, D—N w qr of n w cor ½ acre, 31, t 9 n, r 2 e	2 54
Elliott, J N—Personal property	1 47
Earl, John A— Do do	56
Ernst, George, s e qr sec 17, t 7 n, r 3 e	30 63
Earl, J M—N ht of s e qr sec 15, t 11 n, r 1 w; s w qr of s e qr sec 15, t 11 n, r 1 w; s e qr of s w qr sec 15, t 11 n, r 1 w	11 92
Earl, A C—Personal property	6 34
F.	
Furniss, Miles—personal property	2 94
Farnham, A G—Personal property	58
Fowler, Mark—Personal property	11 40
Fleishman, Matt—Personal property	6 20
Frank, Aug—Personal property	56
Frank, Geo R—Personal property	56
Farley, J H T—Personal property	4 79
Flinn, Thos J—Personal property	98
Fox, C W—E ½ and e ¼ of n w ¼ of sec 3, t 11 n, r 1 e; s e ¼ of sec 11, t 11 n, r 1 e; e ½ of s e ¼ of sec 32, t 11 n, r 1 e; s w ¼ of sec 33, t 11 n, r 1 e; all of sec 34, t 11 n, r 1 e; all of sec 35, t 11 n, r 1 e; n e ¼ of sec 25, t 11 n, r 1 w	149 34
Fay, Lawrence—Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in block 41 in town of Washington	6 26
Ferguson, Frank—Personal property	59
Fay, John—Personal property	2 53
Ferguson, W R—S e ¼ of n w ¼ of sec 18, t 6 n, r 3 e	3 11
Freeman & Bro—Uncollec'd tax for 1872	7 41
G.	
Gillig & Co—Block K Cañada de Capay	157 40
Gilbert, C C—N e ¼ sec 26, t 12 n, r 2 w	20 97
Glavin, Ed—Personal property	69
Gray, B F—Personal property	87
Gill, Henry—Poll tax	3 15
Grayson, Chas—Personal property	6 51
Griggs, Geo M—Personal property	9 60
Grover, Henry—Personal property	3 99
Gorinsca, D G—Personal property	61
Green & Trafnor—S e ¼ sec 6, t 8 n, r 2 e	52 58
Gwinn, Jno M—2 acres of the corner of Harrison Gwin's land	8 08
Galvis, Chas—Personal property	56
Green, F M—S e ¼ sec 18, t 7 n, r 3 e	11 74
Gordon, John—Lot 3 in Gordon's subdivision of Rancho Cañada de Capay	45 82
Goodfellow, H M—Personal property	8 90
Gould, A—S e ¼ sec 17, t 9 n, r 1 e	20 15
Gould, A—Uncollected tax for 1872 on same	28 22
Graham, Mary and James—Lot 10, bl'k 4 r 1 Davisville	2 13
Gorman, J C—E ½ of n w ¼ and n e ¼ of s w ¼ sec 31, t 12 n, r 4 w; s e ¼ of s w ¼ sec 30, t 12 n, r 4 w	4 26
Gilson, John—S L S No 293, sec 25, n e ¼ and s e ¼ sec 24	11 42
Green, Thomas—Lot No. 8 in N Elliott's n Ad to Woodland	2 13
Griffith, John M—Lot P Cañada de Capay	153 32
Gay, John C	1 32
H.	
Hubbard, D C Jr—Personal property	59
Harbin, J I—Personal property	63
Hornlein & Stockwell—Personal prop	1 06
Hall, Robert—Personal property	57
Hawley, B F—Personal property	87
Hynes, John—S e ¼ sec 24, t 9 n, r 2 e	20 86
Harbin, Sarah—Lot 13 Fiske & Messenger's Ad to Woodland	5 39
High, R G—S e ¼ and n ½ sec 23, t 12 n, r 2 w	48 67
Hegelin, Fred—Personal property	97
High, Dusten—N w ¼ sec 25, t 12 n, r 2 w	24 77
Holmes, J P—Lot on n e corner of sec 21 t 10 n, r 1 e	11 07
Hivard, G—Personal property	9 24
Harrison, Eph—Lot 2 of n w ¼ w ½ of s w ¼ and n e ¼ of s w ¼ sec 30, t 12 n, r 4 w	16 77
Howard, B F—Personal property	6 04
Haworth, Edward—Small house and lot above the town of Washington on the river bank	3 76
Hegelen, John—Personal property	91
Hatcher, C W—Personal property	65
Hulett, J H—Land bounded n by S N Mering e by Hadley s by Tibbets w by Pettit	5 56
Hulett, J M—Personal property	62
Heath, John C—Personal property	60
Hull, Delizell—Personal property	1 88
Harrington, F W—Personal property	61
Hopkins A W—Personal property	13 52
Houston, W N—Personal property	79
Hulse, J C—Personal property	70
Henly, A—Block 27 in town of Washington	51 07
Henley, A—Uncollected tax on same for 1872	13 20
Hack, J P—Lot 15, block 10, in the town of Washington	5 71
Hemphill Jas—Personal property	56
Hoffman, Geo—Personal property	77
Hevel, C—Personal property	55
Higley, Wm—Personal property	82
Hesperian College—Land in Woodland bounded n by College Ad to the the town, e by Perry and Craft, Winnie & Co., Sam Ogburn & Brogan, s by Lincoln Ave, w by Railroad st	65 60
Hinrich, Lawrence—S ½ of s w ¼ sec 28 t 10 n, r 2 w	7 10
Hewlett, J—S ½ of s w qr sec 3, t 10 n, r 2 w; n ½ of n w ¼ sec 10, t 10 n, r 2 w	14 02
Hirsh, Benjamin—S ½ of n w ¼ sec 2, t 9 n, r 2 e	26 54
Hewett, Joseph—Lot 8, r E, block 3	1 32
Harris, George—Lots 9 and 10 block 9 in Cacheville	3 45
Hall, Thos J—Uncollected tax for 1872	16 02
I.	
Ives, C F—Possessory claim unsurveyed lands in t 12 n, r 5 w	9 32
Ives, Wm—N w ¼ sec 9, t 11 n, r 1 w	5 71
J.	
John, Antone—Personal property	2 37
Jackson, C—Personal property	56
Jackson, E B—N w ¼ sec 30, t 7 n, r 3 e	12 55
Joromitto, Antone—Lot 12, block 2 r A in Davisville	7 50
Jaques, Jesse—N e qr sec 17, t 9 n, r 1 e	16 13
Johnson, Juliet—Lots 1 and 2, block 40 in the town of Washington	2 95
Johnson, W Neely—Lots 13 and 14 in Block 40 in Washington	3 45
Jackson, Henry—Lot No 4 in Elliott's southern Ad to Woodland	18 10
Jackson, Mary A—Personal property	1 48
Keller, Wm—Lot 8, block 1, in Fiske & Messenger's Ad to Woodland	13 05
K.	
Kaufman, S—Personal property	1 19
Kalbaugh, R—Lots 8 and 9 Freeman's plat of the town of Woodland	15 83
Kelley, G R—Personal property	55
Kent, Moses—Improvements on Lang's land in Cañon	7 65
Kammer, Ed—Personal property	2 60
Kamp, Jo—Personal property	66
Kelley, Charles—Do do	57
Klammer & Ross—Personal property	$ 67
Kelley, Margaret—Lot 4, block 34 in the town of Washington	1 72
Kingsbury, S—Personal property	4 58
Knauss, Henry—S w ¼ of s e ¼ and s e ¼ of s w ¼ of sec 2, t 10 n, r 1 w; n e ¼ of n e ¼ sec 11, t 10 1 w	14 77
Knoblock, Chris—Uncollected tax 1872	10 83
L.	
Lippman, Geo—Personal property	61
Lamb, Wm—Do do	3 25
Lasky, M—Do do	56
Lambert, John—Do do	7 73
Lellerer, L—Do do	56
Lerch, R—Do do	4 09
Leeds, J M—Do do	55
Lyons, Geo—Improvements on land other than his own	78
Lotten, J F—Personal property	5 72
Lowe, J R—Land in Cañada de Capay, bounded n by Henry Rodes, Eby Allen and Lincoln, s by J H Rhodes, w by lands unsurveyed	99 43
Lincoln, H L—Land in Cache Creek Cañon Bounded s by J M Rhodes e by unsurveyed lands, north by Chas Allen, w by Lowe; also s ½ of n e ¼ and n ½ of s e ¼ sec 3, t 11 n, r 2 w	128 57
Lawrence, R H—Personal property	10 73
Lemmon, J C—Possesor of claim s w ¼ of sec 34, t 9 n, r 2 w	17 18
Lefever, Cyrus—N w ¼ sec 34, t 10 n, r 2 w	9 81
Lewis, Gideon—Personal property	7 77
Lewis, T F—Personal property	5 28
Loder Geo—Do do	8 04
Libby, W T—Lots No 7 and 8 block 20 in the town of Washington	4 26
Lou, B K—Personal property	2 05
Lincoln L M—S L S 432 and 433 in sec 24 t 7 n, r 3 e	10 93
Loess, F J—Personal property	2 13
M.	
Morrison, W R—Personal property	75
Marcus, John—Lot in Woodland bounded n by road, e by Strong, s by Strong and Haines and w by Sam Haines	10 12
McClellan, Robt—Do do	61
Meyers, Martin—Lot 4 Bl'k A in Frost's and Ruggles Ad to Woodland	5 48
Monroe, D A—Per property	6 21
Meyers, B F—S w qr sec 7, t 9 n, r 1 e	15 48
McLaughlin, Chas—The whole of sec t 9 n, r 2 e; n ¾ of n e qr sec 11, t 9 n, r 2 e;

The Yolo Democrat.

Friday, Feb. 6th, 1874.

Agents for the Yolo Democrat.

THOMAS BOYCE, L. P. FISHER, BEAN & Co., and W. B. LAKE are authorized agents of this paper at San Francisco.

GEORGE P. ROWELL & Co., 41 Park Row, are our authorized agents in New York.

LOCAL AGENTS:

D. B. GOODE.....Agent at Large.
J. J. AMMONS.....do do
M. W. THOMAS.....do do
R. R. DARBY.....Cottonwood.
HARLING, WELCH & Co.....Buckeye.
J. W. SNOWBALL.....Knight's Landing.
A. J. HALL.....Cacheville.
JUDGE J. ONEAL.....Davisville.
W. M. GREEN.....Washington.

Town and County Matters

STAR (*) NOTICES in the local column will hereafter be charged 10 cents a line for the first, and 5 cents a line for each subsequent insertion.

Board of Supervisors.

Board met Feb. 2d, all the members present, President Megowan in the chair.

Application of J. Strong to place road running east from Merritt's farm on line of survey, referred to Supervisors J. K. Smith and Mering.

Bids for finishing two rooms in basement of Court House opened, and contract awarded to Torrance & Stamp for $350, that being the lowest bid.

Bids for county printing in bulk for one year received as follows:

Wm. Sharp, $800.

Wm. Saunders, $600.

A. E. Wagstaff, (excepting delinquent tax list) $498 60.

An addition of $72 was figured out by the Supervisors and added to bid of Wagstaff for printing delinquent tax list for next fiscal year, and contract awarded to A. E. Wagstaff for $570 50 by the following vote: Ayes Mering, J. C. Smith, J. K. Smith; Noes—Megowan, Swingle.

Feb. 3d.—Amount of $55 55 on Hospital Fund allowed to Hospital Warden for incidental expenses.

Reports of Hospital Warden and County Physician received and approved.

District Attorney reported adversely to refunding taxes on solvent debts paid to Assessor.

O. W. Lamb was appointed constable for Cottonwood Township.

A communication was received from the Board of Supervisors of Solano county in reference to bridges. Supervisor Swingle was appointed to confer with them.

The Sheriff was authorized to procure civil and criminal registers and day-book.

The County Clerk was authorized to procure blank books for Assessor and assessment roll and duplicate and delinquent roll. [These were included in our bid for county printing.]

L. C. Drummond was appointed Justice of the Peace for North Putah Township.

Petition for road near Cacheville rejected on account of informality.

Allowance of $50 on Hospital Fund made to Mrs. Dollarhide for clothing child in her care.

Report of Clerk on matter of Road Overseers reports, received and approved.

Quarterly report of Auditor and Treasurer received and approved and financial statement ordered to be published.

W. W. Crouse appointed Justice of the Peace, and Thos. Waters appointed Constable, both of Washington Township.

Warrants on Hospital Fund amounting to $225 drawn in favor of Mrs. Houston, Indigent, who has removed from the county, ordered canceled.

Allowance to Mrs. Dollarhide reduced to $150 per year, payable monthly.

Petition to open Elizabeth street in Washington, referred to District Attorney.

The gas light outside of Court House ordered to be extinguished at 10 P. M. by Sheriff.

Order allowing Stegall to connect his lights with county gas meter rescinded.

Jury list of 400 names drawn.

Feb. 5th.—Petition of Wm. Dresbach and others for road west of Davisville, laid over to next meeting.

Matter of fitting up rooms for county officers referred to Supervisor J. K. Smith with full power to act.

County Court—Hatton, Judge.

Feb. 2d 1874.—People vs. Geo. Shilling—Gaming. Defendant withdraws plea of not guilty, and pleads guilty. Fined $200, and costs $69.65, or imprisonment in County Jail for 135 days.

People vs. J. D. Campbell—Assault to commit murder. Tried and found guilty of Assault and Battery.

Feb. 3d.—People vs. Jas. H. Seeley—Assault to do bodily harm. Jury failed to agree and were discharged. Cause continued for term.

Feb. 4th.—People vs. Jas. D. Campbell—Battery. Plea of not guilty withdrawn and pleads guilty. Fined $100 and costs.

People vs. Jas. D. Campbell—Found guilty of assault and battery. Fined $100, or imprisonment in County Jail for 50 days.

Adjourned to Feb. 6th.

"THE HYGIENIC FAMILY PHYSICIAN.—This is the title of a work of which we have a copy before us, and which is designed for family use. It purports to be a "complete guide for the preservation of health and the treatment of disease without the use of medicine," by M. G. Kellogg, M. D. Written in four parts, viz.: I., Health and Hygienic Agents; II., Disease and Drugs; III., The Bath; IV., Diseases and their Treatment. The book contains 380 pages, bound in cloth, and is sold at the very low price of $1 25. Dr. Kellogg, the author, has recently returned from the East. He is now here and intends to canvass Woodland and vicinity for the sale of his book. It ought to be in the hands of every family. A cursory examination satisfies us it is worth five times the price charged.

WOODLAND PUBLIC SCHOOL.—Roll of Honor for the month ending Jan. 30th, 1874:

FIRST GRADE.

Josie Callen	95	Isabelle Sovereign	91
Angelina Burns	92	Chas. Myers	92

M. L. TEMPLETON, Teacher.

THIRD GRADE—FIRST DIVISION.

Jennie Yerby	100	Bertha Zirker	95
Lodema Dewy	100	Quincy Whaley	94
Jessie Smith	100	Warren Myers	94
Francis Dinzler	98	Mattie Ruggles	92
Belle Rupley	98	Minnie Tackney	92
Emma Donoho	98	Mattie Ise	92
Thomas Gibson	96	Addie Beach	90
William Grant	96	Eva Plomteaux	90
George Ruggles	96		

MISS MINNIE BELL, Teacher.

CONCERT.—Professor Foster's concert, in which he will be aided by the Citizens' Class and many of our best singers, will take place at Washington Hall on Wednesday evening next, Feb. 11th. We expect it will be a fine entertainment.

"Vindex" vs. "E. Giddings."

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—I beg the favor of a small space in your columns to make some answer to Mr. Giddings' letter published in last week's *Mail*. Most of the arguments contained in that letter need no answer, but as the item of expense seems grossly exaggerated, I desire to offer an estimate obtained from thoroughly reliable sources as to the cost of two excellent styles of fence:

First—The cost per rod of a plain picket fence, with base board, is as follows:

2 Posts	$0 42
35 Pickets	98
16 feet Redwood Base	45
16 feet 2x3 Oregon Scantling	42
Nails	20
Setting up	1 00
Total per rod	$3 47

This would be a plain fence, but infinitely preferable to the present one.

Second—The cost per rod of a fancy picket fence, with base board, and beading above and below, all parts dressed, is as follows:

2 Posts	$0 52
35 Pickets	1 26
16 feet dressed Redwood Base	64
16 ft. 2x3 Oregon Scantling, dres'd	63
32 running feet beading	64
Nails	25
Setting up	2 00
Total per rod	$5 94

This would be a very handsome and substantial fence, and an ornament to the town.

Now as to the additional expense involved: Mr. Giddings claims that the present fence costs $2.00 per rod. Admitting this, the difference in cost between this and the second fence described above, would be $3.94 per rod. The amount to be built is about 54 rods. This would make the difference $212.76 on the whole fence.

The amount of taxable property in this District, according to the recent assessment, is $1,874,241. Deducting 10 per cent. for delinquencies, we have $1,686,817. A tax of *one and one-half cents* upon each one hundred dollars of this would pay this difference, and all costs of collection. Upon these facts let the public decide.

In conclusion I will add that my name is at the service of Mr. Giddings or either of his colleagues.

VINDEX.

FREE LECTURES.—Dr. M. G. Kellogg, well known to many of our readers, will lecture in the Advent Church on Sunday evening next, Feb. 8th, at 7 P. M., on the subject of Health. This lecture will be devoted in the main to moral and intellectual developments. Notice of lectures to follow will then be given. The lectures will be free, and the public are cordially invited.

SCHOOL TAXES.—I will commence collecting Special School Tax for Woodland District, at Reed & Welch's Store, on Monday, Feb. 2d. Taxes not paid before the 23d of February will then become delinquent.

J. T. REED, Collector. *

SPRING LIKE.—Yesterday was a lovely day. Farmers and everybody would be glad to see a month of such weather.

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING.—See Hummel Bros. card. They are first class in the tonsorial art.

MANY people, particularly children, suffer with the ear-ache; and for the benefit of such we give a sure but simple remedy. Put in two or three drops of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, stop the ear with undressed wool, bathe the feet in warm water before going to bed, and keep the head warm at night.

CAPTAIN CHAS. SAGER, who keeps a superb stock of livery horses, Me., informed us recently that he uses Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders regularly in his stables, and that the expense is more than offset by the diminished amount of grain necessary to keep his horses always in good order.

INDISPENSABLE.—There are some simple remedies indispensable in any family. Among these the experience of years assures us should be recorded Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer. For both internal and external application, we have found it of great value, especially can we recommend it for colds, rheumatism, or fresh wounds and bruises.

BORN.

In Woodland, January 30th, to the wife of Edmond Gardner, a Daughter.

In Woodland, January 31st, to the wife of Tom Hubbard, a Daughter.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's father, near Cacheville, February 3d, by Elder J. N. Pendegast, J. Marion Brooks and Miss Eliza G. Brown.

No Rise in Prices of SCHOOL BOOKS!

Notice to Parents, Guardians

—AND—

School Teachers!

As School is about to open and School Books will be wanted, I hereby give notice that I am offering my

FULL ASSORTMENT OF BOOKS

—AT—

San Francisco Prices.

Come and Examine my Goods, and you will find the

PRICES LOWER

—THAN—

Any other House in Woodland.

ADOLPH KIERSKI.

NOTICE TO ACCOUNTANTS.

☞ I have in store a Full Assortment of

BLANK BOOKS,

Diaries,
Inks,
Pens,
Papers,
Envelopes,

—AND A—

Full Supply of All Kinds of Goods in my Line.

no7-3m

A FEW QUERIES.—EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—You will confer a great favor upon many of your readers if you will publish the following questions in your next issue:

1st.—Has the Board of Supervisors of any county in this State, except Yolo, rented a portion of the County Court House for a saloon, and at the same time paid rent to private individuals for County Officers' rooms, such as County Judge's Chambers?

2d—What authority has our Board of Supervisors to make a contract to furnish gas for eight burners in said saloon at two and one-half dollars per month, and pay the gas company from twenty to thirty dollars for the same per month?

3d—Is any other liquor saloon rented in this town for the paltry sum of twelve dollars per month, and the rent paid by making repairs on the same?

4th—Is the proprietor of said saloon the pet of the Court House ring, and does he procure these and other favors through their influence by furnishing free lunch, etc., to the Board of Supervisors?

JUSTICE TO ALL. *

RAINFALL AT WOODLAND—As recorded by Dr. Parramore's rain-gauge:

1873.	Inches.
Oct. 7	0.20— 0.20
Nov. 5	0.21
" 30	0.94— 1.15
Dec. 3 (9½ inches of snow)	1.53
" 4	0.88
" 5	1.98
" 6	0.37
" 7	0.63
" 8	0.25
" 9	0.39
" 10	0.27
" 14	0.52
" 15	0.29
" 16	0.39
" 17	0.02
" 19	0.16
" 20	0.44
" 22	0.32
" 29	0.25
" 30	1.50
" 31	0.35—10.44
1874.	
Jan. 1	0.77
" 2	0.48
" 5	0.02
" 15	0.14
" 16	1.33
" 17	0.88
" 18	0.12
" 19	0.73
" 20	0.20
" 26	0.25
" 28	1.17
" 29	0.02
" 31	0.15— 5.99
Feb. 2	0.21— 0.21
Total for the Season	17.99

THE SAN FRANCISCO

WEEKLY CHRONICLE,

DESTINED TO BE

The Star Weekly

OF THE PACIFIC COAST,

AT ONCE THE

Largest, Brightest, Most Comprehensive, Most Reliable, Most Entertaining, and in all Respects the Best Weekly Paper ever issued this side of the Rocky Mountains and the equal of any in the World, is now offered to Subscribers at the low rate of

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Will contain SIXTY-FOUR COLUMNS of the size of the DAILY CHRONICLE, an amount equal to a volume of FOUR HUNDRED PAGES, printed from Stereotype Plates, and consequently having the clearness and beauty of NEW TYPE IN EVERY ISSUE.

The News of the Week,

Carefully compiled and edited from the DAILY CHRONICLE, will present clearly the information received by telegraph, special correspondence, or through other channels, concerning noteworthy events in all parts of the Globe.

Market Reports.

A list of the prices of all products of this Coast, in the San Francisco, Eastern and European markets; the extent and value of important exports; the rates of freight for grain, and other statistical information belonging to this department, will be a feature of the first importance by their accuracy and comprehensiveness.

Mining News.

This department will be given especial prominence.

EDITORIALS AND CONTRIBUTED ARTICLES

From the authors, on live topics and the events of the day, vigorous, original and independent in their tone, but free from all sectarian bitterness, party spite, or malicious personality, will occupy a fair share of the space of the WEEKLY CHRONICLE.

Agricultural Interests

Will be accorded the greatest consideration. This department will be placed under the exclusive control of a gentleman of experience and culture, who will make it more complete and valuable to agriculturists than that or any paper hitherto offered for their approval. All the latest news of interest to the PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY, concerning the growth of their Order, the achievement of the measures of reform for which their organization has been instituted, and kindred topics, will be found in the WEEKLY CHRONICLE.

MASONS, ODD FELLOWS, RED MEN, DRUIDS, SONS OF TEMPERANCE,

And members of other secret societies will find in the columns of the WEEKLY CHRONICLE carefully collected and original information concerning the condition and doings of their several Orders.

Religious News.

Stripped of all sectarian bias, and treating all denominations with equal courtesy and justice, will constitute a not unimportant department.

BRILLIANT SERIAL NOVELS, SHORT STORIES AND CHOICE POETRY,

Original and selected, will give to the WEEKLY CHRONICLE a high literary character, such as will render it a welcome visitor to every home where intelligence and refinement prevail.

A Children's Department,

Filled with juvenile stories, puzzles, charades and games, will be kept up for the amusement of the little folks, helping to brighten the joys of youth and lend another happiness to the home fireside.

HOUSEKEEPERS' RECIPES, HYGIENIC INFORMATION AND SCIENTIFIC NOTES

Will find in the WEEKLY CHRONICLE the prominence which their importance deserves.

Artistic, Dramatic and Musical Intelligence

Will be accorded such space as its interest and the tastes of the majority of the readers of the WEEKLY CHRONICLE may seem to require.

In all respects the WEEKLY CHRONICLE will be under a brilliant reflex of the life of the land, which it shall aim to so represent as to win respect and admiration wherever it goes.

☞ *Specimen Copies sent free. Send your address, get a sample copy, and see for yourself if it is not far superior to any other weekly paper.*

CHAS. DE YOUNG & CO., Proprietors.

☞ Agents wanted in every City and Town on the Pacific Coast, to whom liberal commissions will be given. ja9-8w

NEW SHEET MUSIC.—The enterprising music publisher, M. Gray, 623-5 Clay street, San Francisco, has sent us the following new pieces of music: "Father to Thee," a sacred song, written and composed by Harrison Millard; "Sweet Sunshine come again to me," a ballad, music by Danks, words by Mitchell; "Pretty Nell, My Playmate, when a Boy," ballad, by George Cooper, music by Harrison Millard; "Dear Sunny Days of the Past," a ballad, music by Danks, words by Mitchell. Mr. Gray sells all kinds of music and musical instruments.

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS.—The following named officers of Woodland Lodge No. 237 I. O. G. T. were publicly installed on Tuesday evening last: W. C. T., R. B. Mosby; W. R., H. S., Miss Stinaff; M. L. H. S., Miss E. Porter; W. V. T., Miss C. A. Cole; W. S., Mrs. C. A. Hamilton; W. A. S., John Pendegast; W. F. S., E. S. Stinaff; W. T., Mrs. Plomteaux; W. M., Miss M. Bemis; W. D. M., P. H. Sibley; W. I. G., Mrs. S. Clarke; W. O. G., H. O. Hall; W. C., — Hudson. The list of members now numbers 109.

ACCIDENT.—A little son of Reuben Kalbaugh fell from a dry goods box the other day and broke his arm. He is doing as well as could be expected.

"SACRAMENTO AGRICULTURALIST" is the name of a new eight-page paper published by Davis & Stockton, monthly, at $1 50 a year.

Sheriff's Sale.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE of Foreclosure and Sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo, duly made and entered on the Twenty-second day of January, A.D. 1874, in a certain action wherein MILLIKEN BROS. are Plaintiffs, against JOHN FRIGGINS, A. STAMP and J. M. CLANTON, Defendants, duly attested on the Twenty-second day of January, 1874, and to me directed, I am commanded to sell all that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the county of Yolo, more particularly described as follows, to wit: The undivided one-half of that portion of the Northeast quarter of Section No. Thirty-two (32) Township No. Ten (10) North, Range No. Two (2) East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, commencing at a point Thirty feet South and Thirty-three feet East of the Northwest corner of said Northeast quarter of the Northwest quarter of said section No. Thirty-two (32) and running thence South Thirty-four rods and Seven feet; thence East One hundred and thirty-seven feet; thence North Thirty-four rods and seven feet; thence West One hundred and thirty-seven feet to the place of beginning.

Public Notice is hereby given that on SATURDAY, the TWENTY-FIRST day of FEBRUARY, A.D. 1874, at Two o'clock P.M. of that day, in front of the Court House, in the County of Yolo and State aforesaid, I will, in obedience to said Decree of Foreclosure and Sale, sell the above described property to the highest bidder for gold coin of the United States.

J. P. BULLOCK, Sheriff.

Woodland, January 26th, 1874. ja30-4t

Sheriff's Sale.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE of Foreclosure and Sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California in and for the County of Yolo, duly made and entered on the Tenth day of January, A. D. 1874, in a certain action wherein Odd Fellows' Bank of Savings is Plaintiff and Charles Story, W. W. Hannum, J. M. Dutton, M. Nickelsburg, A. Nickelsburg, L. B. Ruggles and John Hollingsworth are Defendants, duly attested on the Tenth day of January, 1874, and to me directed, I am commanded to sell all those certain pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in the County of Yolo, State of California, more particularly described as follows, to wit:

The North half of Section No. Sixteen (16) in Town No. Eleven (11) N., R. One (1) West; also the North half of the Northwest Quarter of Section Fifteen (15) and the Southwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter or Section Fifteen (15) in Town No. Eleven (11) N., R. One (1) West, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Public notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, THE NINTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1874, at Two o'clock P.M. of that day, in front of the Court-House in the County of Yolo and State aforesaid, I will, in obedience to said Decree of Foreclosure and Sale, sell the above described property to the highest bidder for gold coin of the United States, excepting only the sum of $573.33, which may be paid in the lawful currency of the United States.

J. P. BULLOCK, Sheriff.

Woodland, January 12th, 1874. ja16-4t

Sheriff's Sale.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE of Foreclosure and Sale issued out of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Yolo, duly made and entered on the Twenty-third day of January A.D. 1874, in a certain action wherein BANK OF WOODLAND is Plaintiff, against F. S. RIDDLE, Defendant, duly attested on the Twenty-third day of January, 1874, and to me directed, I am commanded to sell all that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the County of Yolo, State of California, more particularly described as follows, to wit: "The Southwest Quarter of Section Thirty-three (33) Township Nine (9) North, Range One (1) East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian."

Public notice is hereby given that on SATURDAY, the TWENTY-FIRST day of FEBRUARY, A.D. 1874, at Two o'clock P.M. of that day, in front of the Court House in the County of Yolo and State aforesaid, I will, in obedience to said Decree of Foreclosure and Sale sell the above described property to the highest bidder for gold coin of the United States.

J. P. BULLOCK, Sheriff.

Woodland, January 26th, 1874. ja30-4t

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Anderson Griggs, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned Administrator of the Estate of ANDERSON GRIGGS, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Administrator, at the law office of J. C. BALL at Woodland, in the County of Yolo.

Woodland, January 8th, 1874.

ALVIN B. GRIGGS, Administrator.

J. C. BALL, Attorney. ja9-5t

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Mordecai T. Morgan, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of MORDECAI T. MORGAN, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said Administrator at his residence in South Putah, Yolo County.

Woodland, Jan. 5th, 1874.

WILLIAM J. MORGAN, Administrator of said Estate

ja9-5t

Copartnership Notice.

ON THE FIRST DAY OF JANUARY, 1874, Mr. ADIN BULLARD became a partner in our firm.

DRESBACH & BANE.

The general Grain Business heretofore carried on by the above named firm will be continued under the name of

DRESBACH & CO.

Davisville, January 12th, 1874. ja16-1m

To the Ladies of Woodland and Vicinity.

Rag Carpet Manufactory.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he has just established himself in Woodland, and is prepared to weave Rag Carpets for all who want them.

PRICES.

Fancy patterns, per yard.....50 cts.
Patterns with white warp, per yard.....45 cts.
Plain patterns, per yard.....40 cts.

Orders left at Porter's store will be promptly attended to.

ja17-3m. THOMAS McCANNA.

How to Make Money Easy! Light and healthy occupation, with from $5 to $15 per day. Resident CANVASSERS wanted in every City, Town and Village on the Pacific Coast. Full particulars given by addressing Lock Box 1196, San Francisco, Cal., with references from either the Postmaster, a county official or some prominent citizen. Takes on sight. NO CAPITAL REQUIRED ja9-6w

IMPORTANT

To the Public.

CLEARANCE SALE!!!
CLEARANCE SALE!!!
CLEARANCE SALE!!!

—OF—

DAMAGED GOODS!!!
DAMAGED GOODS!!!
DAMAGED GOODS!!!

WE HEREBY OFFER FOR SALE AT

GREAT SACRIFICE!

A Large Amount of

Merchandise

—THAT WAS—

DAMAGED BY WATER,

During the late storm, and

MUST BE SOLD WITHIN 30 DAYS

Regardless of Cost!

—AT—

ALEXANDER & CO'S,

White House,

WOODLAND,

One Door East of Porter & Co.

ja10-3m

Now is the Time

TO BUY

FOR $8!

CUSTOM-MADE BOOTS.

We have on hand a

LARGE ASSORTMENT

—OF—

OUR OWN MADE

BOOTS

Manufactured from the BEST FRENCH KIPP OR CALF, and offer them at

EIGHT DOLLARS A PAIR!

We are making them to measure

AT SHORT NOTICE,

—AT—

NINE DOLLARS PER PAIR!

—AND—

Warrant them to Give Satisfaction.

BEST KIND OF LADIES' SHOES

OF OUR MAKE,

AT $3.50 PER PAIR!

☞ We Warrant All Our Goods!

Boots or Shoes Bought at Our Store will be

Repaired Free of Charge.

L. KAMINSKY & CO.,

S. F. Boot and Shoe Store,

OPPOSITE COLLEGE. ja9-5t

ASIATIC CHOLERA IN CHINA

Almost Every Case Cured with

PAIN-KILLER!

DEAR SIRS:—During a residence of some ten years in Siam and China, as a missionary, I found your Pain-Killer a most valuable remedy for that fearful scourge the Cholera. In administering the medicine I found it most effectual to give a tea-spoonful of Pain-Killer in a gill of hot water sweetened with sugar; then, after about fifteen minutes, begin to give about a table-spoonful of the same mixture every few minutes until relief was obtained. Apply hot applications to the extremities. Bathe the stomach with the Pain-Killer, clear, and rub the limbs briskly. Of those who had the Cholera, and took the medicine faithfully, in the way stated above, eight out of ten recovered.

REV. R. TELFORD, Missionary in China.

DEAR SIRS: During a long residence in China I have used your valuable Pain-Killer, both in my own family and among the Chinese, and have found it a most excellent medicine. In the Summers of 1862 and 1863, while residing in Shanghai, I found it almost a certain cure for cholera, if used in time. Indeed, using it in a great many instances, I do not remember failing in a single case. For three years I have been residing in this place, more than fifty miles from a physician, and have been obliged often to fall upon my own resources in cases of sickness. The Chinese come to us in great numbers for medicine and advice. Though without medical knowledge ourselves, the few simple remedies we can command are so much in advance even of their physicians, that we have almost daily applications. We allow them to come, because it brings us in contact with them and opens a door of usefulness. In diarrhœa, colic, vomiting, cholera, coughs, etc., your Pain-Killer has been my chief medicine. Yours, very truly,

REV. T. P. CRAWFORD, Tungchow, China.

Those using Pain-Killer should strictly observe the following directions:

At the commencement of the disease, take a teaspoonful of Pain-Killer, in sugar and water, and then bathe freely across the stomach and bowels with the Pain-Killer clear. Should the diarrhœa and cramp continue, repeat the dose every fifteen minutes. In this way the dreadful scourge may be checked, and the patient relieved in the course of a few hours.

N.B.—Be sure and get the genuine article; and it is recommended by those who have used the Pain-Killer for the cholera, that in extreme cases the patient take two (or more) teaspoonfuls instead of one.

The PAIN-KILLER is sold by all the Druggists and Dealers in Family Medicines.

☞ Price, 25 and 50 cents and $1.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,

Manuf's & Prop's, 136 High St., Prov., R. I.

ja23

PAINTS AND OILS,
For sale at
SIMPSON'S DRUG STORE.

ATLANTIC Lead, Linseed Oil, Paints in quantity, also Paint Brushes, at
E. BYNUM & CO'S.

HONEST ADVICE.

—AND—

NO HUMBUG!

CLOSING OUT SALE

FOR SIXTY DAYS!

AT THE GREAT

S. F. Auction Store.

On account of dissolution of copartnership,

THE SAN FRANCISCO

AUCTION STORE

Will Sell, for Sixty Days only,

THE ENTIRE STOCK!

—CONSISTING OF—

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,
DRY GOODS,
HATS,
Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Blankets, Shawls, Crockery and Glassware, Tobacco and Fancy Goods, and in fact

Everything in the Store

At Terrific, Slaughtering Prices!

Our Goods have been bought at very low prices at a great failure in San Francisco, of a large importing house, and we assure the public this is the greatest chance ever offered in this county. Now is your time to call at the

Great San Francisco Auction Store,

IN THE

ODDFELLOWS' HALL,

Where the Red Flag can be seen by all.

ja10-3m L. GOSLINER & CO.

BAKER & HAMILTON,

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS

—OF—

Agricultural Implements

—AND—

MACHINES,

SACRAMENTO

—AND—

SAN FRANCISCO,

Offer to the trade the

MOST COMPLETE STOCK

Of Goods ever in the Market.

Sweepstake Gang Plows,
Eureka Gang Plows,
Single Plows, Iron and Steel,
Harrows,
Cultivators,
Seed Sowers,
FANNING MILLS,
Feed Mills,
Corn Planters,
Grain Drills.

We are Exclusive Agents for the

Statesman Force Feed Drill

—AND THE—

WINNEBAGO SEEDER AND CULTIVATOR.

Farmers should send for our LIST OF PRICES before buying elsewhere.

The celebrated

BAIN WAGON!

Which has given universal satisfaction as the Best Farm Wagon now in use, can be had ONLY from us or our agents. no21-3m

COLEMAN'S

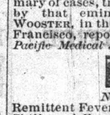
No better evidence of the efficacy of DR. J. S. COLEMAN'S Compound Extract of Eucalyptus can be desired, than the following summary of cases, treated with this remedy alone, by that eminent physician, DR. DAVID WOODMAN, in the U. S. Marine Hospital, San Francisco, reported in the August No. (1872) *Pacific Medical Journal*:

EUCALYPTUS

No. Cases Treated.	*Cured.*	*Imp'd.*
Remittent Fever	5	.....
Chills and Fever	19	.....
Typhoid Fever	9	.....
Inflam. of the Kidneys	4	3
Diuretic	19	2
Incontinence of Urine	3	.....
Stricture	6	4
Inflam. of Bladder	27	25
Blennorrhagia	13	10
Disease of the Heart	4	2
Dysentery	4	3
Chronic Diarrhœa	13	9
Gonorrhœa	15	15
Dropsy	6	3

Completely corroborative of the above, are the reports of the experiments with Eucalyptus by Dr. Lorrimer, of Berlin, Prussia, and Dr. Keeler, Chief Physician of the Austrian Railway Co., published in the *Am. Med. Jour.*, July, 1872.

It will be found very efficacious in obstinate cases of Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Hacking Cough, Chronic Sore Throat, Leucorrhea, etc., and in nausea during pregnancy.



DR. COLEMAN'S DOUBLE EXTRACT OF EUCALYPTUS is a special preparation for the treatment of FEVER and AGUE, and is *guaranteed to cure* every case treated according to directions, without the injurious results of the usual Quinine and Arsenical remedies for that disease. Also, pure Fluid Extract of Eucalyptus, in one pound bottles, for physicians' use.

For sale everywhere, and by Chas. Langley & Co., Druggists, Agents, San Francisco.

oct7-my2-1y1s

Public Announcement.

C. L. BEACH,

SUCCESSOR TO BEACH, SOVEREIGN & Co.

Having leased the building known as "Elliott's Carriage and Wagon Manufactory," will continue the business in all its branches, including

CARRIAGE AND WAGON-MAKING,

BLACKSMITHING,

HORSESHOEING AND GENERAL JOBBING!

I shall keep a force of competent workmen for every department. None but first-class hands employed.

A complete stock of New Materials has been purchased, selected with great care, especially for this market.

I respectfully invite the patronage of the public, warrant all work as represented, and shall charge only reasonable prices.

I have the Agency for the Bain Wagons, the World Mower and the Hill Gang Plow, a supply of which will be kept on hand. Call and leave your orders.

C. D. BEACH, Proprietor.

WOODLAND, Jan. 16th, 1874. no8-3m

TAKE NOTICE,

O Ye that Want!

The undersigned proprietor of the CITY LIVERY AND SALE STABLE having bought out the entire interest of his late partner, G. M. Eaton, Esq., is now prepared and can accommodate all who, with with the best of Livery turnouts, keep horses as cheap, feed them as well, curry them as clean, rub them as smooth, and make them look and feel as well as any Livery man in Woodland.

Gentlemen who chance to read this notice will please give me a trial, and if you do not realize the truth of the above statement I will not charge you a cent.

de12-1f JAMES McHENRY.

GRAND DISPLAY

—OF—

FALL DRESS GOODS!

—AT—

JACOBS, MEYERSON & CO'S.

Those Elegant New Shades are all the Attraction!

Why Buy Old, Shelf-worn Goods when you can get a No. 1 Article for the same money at

JACOBS, MEYERSON & CO'S.

THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN

FANCY GOODS

Are always to be found at our Establishment.

Domestic Goods!

The Best and Cheapest in Market always on hand.

CLOTHING!

In this department you will find the

BEST SELECTED STOCK,

Both in Style and Material ever offered in Yolo County.

HATS AND CAPS!

LATEST STYLES AND GREAT VARIETY.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

San Francisco and Eastern Make at Reduced Prices!

CARPETS!

OIL CLOTHS,
MATS,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
TRAVELING BAGS,
UMBRELLAS,

Everything pertaining to our business,

—AT—

THE LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.

JACOBS, MEYERSON & CO.

WOODLAND, October 10th, 1873. ja10-3m

RICHARD SCHNEIDER,

TEACHER OF

Piano, Organ, Guitar and

VOCAL MUSIC!

TERMS:—$6.00 PER MONTH.

Pianos and Organs Tuned, Repaired, Packed for shipment, Unpacked and Set-up.

Pupils Instructed at their Residences.

Agent for the celebrated Steinway & Son's New York; Chickering, Boston, and Emerson's ($300) Pianos. The Hamlin & Mason's, Boston, and X. Spang's, Syracuse, Melodeons and Organs. The best instruments manufactured.

Any Music, Book or Sheet Music, wherever published, supplied at the marked retail price on short notice.

Organs and Pianos also sold on the instalment plan, of regular monthly payments (from $5 up) until paid for.

For particulars please leave orders at A. Kierski or Geo. Lewald & Co's stores, or address per post.

RICHARD SCHNEIDER,
Music Teacher,
no28-3m Woodland, Yolo Co., Cal.

Dr. Brenan.

DR. PAUL M. BRENAN,

Physician, Surgeon,

AND LECTURER, late of Philadelphia, the fountain head of all medical science in this country, who has spent the last thirteen years in traveling through all the principal cities in Europe and the United States, giving lectures and treating some of the most complicated and long-standing diseases, has now permanently located himself in the city of San Francisco, at

127 Montgomery Street,

Opposite the Occidental Hotel entrance. Although DR. BRENAN may differ considerably in his practice from many members of the Profession, yet he is possessed of the highest credentials from the most learned and celebrated Medical Colleges in the country; and all who have attended his lectures bear witness to the clear and lucid manner in which he defines every portion of the human frame, giving the reasons for the various diseases which the tissues of the human body are subject to, and illustrating every portion of the human system by the simple aid of a black board, thereby proving himself to be thoroughly acquainted with the anatomy of the human configuration. In these lectures the press of all our large cities have showered the highest encomiums of praise; and DR. BRENAN has been also greatly complimented by the leading physicians of the day. He has devoted much of his time and research to the diseases of the nervous system and reproductive organs, and also to general and nervous debility. And for this purpose DR. BRENAN spent several years in Paris, where the best facility is offered for the thorough investigation of the cause of these most complicated diseases. Nasal Catarrh and other diseases of the throat and chest have also been the subject of special lectures delivered throughout the country. The Doctor, therefore, offers his services with confidence to all the afflicted of humanity, who may suffer from any of the complaints incidental to the human frame. In addition to his own professional office and consultation room, the Doctor has also secured parlors affording every convenience for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen separately.

Office, 127 Montgomery street, opposite the Occidental Hotel Entrance. Office Hours—9 to 12 and 1 to 5; in the evening, 6 to 8.

Correspondence will be promptly answered, and a list of printed questions, forwarded to patients in any part of the United States, and by the answers DR. BRENAN can tell the disease almost as readily as by seeing the patient. Consultations at the office free. Post Office Box 291. de12-3m3p

LIPMAN'S

GREAT DISCOVERY.

NEVER FAILING

—AND—

PERFECTLY HARMLESS.

Probably no object has called forth more preparations than those for RESTORING AND BEAUTIFYING THE HUMAN HAIR, and among all J. LIPMAN'S WONDERFUD RESTORER stands beyond question at the head for efficiency and perfect safety—this is absolutely free from Sugar Lead or Lac Sulphur and never fails to produce the effect desired—requires no other preparation—is easily applied, and is without doubt the simplest, best and cheapest Hair Restorative in use. Sold by all druggists. General Agents C

The Yolo Democrat.

Friday, Feb. 6th, 1874

DOVE-TAIL MODE OF GRAFTING THE GRAPE.—Mr. Johnson, a zealous British cultivator of the vine, of long and extensive experience, who has tried every method of grafting known, and has come to the conclusion that for vines there is no better method than that which he practiced for a number of years with every success, and which he has very properly termed "dove-tail grafting." It is simply, as well as sure, and fruit can be obtained from the first year after its insertion. The grafting is performed in the following manner and before the sap is in motion: The stock may be of one years growth, or more; but young wood, from one to four years old, is preferable. The places selected for inserting the graft should be oppsite a bud, or spur, with one or more buds to draw the flow of sap to the scion, which last prevents bleeding. Having selected the stock, the wood should be cut out of it from 2 to 2½ inches in length, to a depth corresponding to the thickness of the scion, in the same manner as dove tailing in carpentry is performed. The scion is then prepared by being cut into the pith, leaving the bud in the middle, and made to fit neatly into the stock, after which it is firmly tied with matting and clayed over, leaving a small hole opposite the bud, so as not to obstruct its growth. A litte moss is then tied over all, and kept moist for some time till the bud begins to grow. After it has grown some time to a little length, the opposite shoots are shortened, and eventually taken off together.—*Rural Carolinian.*

The *Real Estate Reporter* has the following good advice to advertisers: "Some say it is no use to advertise, that they have been in one place of business all their lives, and everybody knows them. Such people seem to forget to take into consideration that California is rapidly increasing in population, and no matter how old the place may be, there are constant changes going on; some move to other parts, and others take their places. In this age of the world, unless the name of a business firm is kept before the public, some new firm may start up, and by liberal advertising, in a very short time supplant the older ones, and the latter rust out, as it were, and be forgotten. No man ever lost money by judicious advertising, and those who do advertise, prosper as live men should."

OVER SEVENTEEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY.—Sacramento sent out to public places last night, over 1,750 people, at five places. At the revival meeting being held at the Sixth street Methodist Episcopal Church by Mrs. Van Cott, an audience of five hundred people assembled and remained until 11 o'clock. At Pioneer Hall, at the Board of Trade meeting, over two hundred persons were present. At the theatre 400 people witnessed the plays. At Turner Hall, fully 600 people assembled in honor of the anniversary of the Scottish Association, and at the Protestant Orphan Asylum Festival over fifty visitors were present. For a cold Friday night that was doing well. *Sac. Record, Jan. 24th.*

GOOD EDUCATION.—To read the English language well, to write with dispatch a neat and legible hand, and to be master of the first four rules of arithmetic, so as to dispose of at once, with accuracy, every question of figures which comes up in practice. I call this a good education. And if you add the ability to write pure, grammatical English, I regard it as an excellent education. These are the tools. You can do much with them, but you are helpless without them. They are the foundation; and unless you begin with these, all your flashy attainments, a little geology, and all other ologies and osophies, are ostentatious rubbish. —*Everett.*

GOOD FOR PAGE.—The telegraph informs us that our Radical Congressman, Page, has introduced a resolution demanding such modification of the treaty with China as to prevent Chinese immigration. If Mr. Page will *accomplish* anything in this direction, we shall give him great credit—it will cover all his sins of Radicalism, but these resolutions are so often introduced with a full knowledge and understanding that they are to amount to nothing, that we hardly know when to credit a member with sincere motives. We hope Page is sincere and that his Radical brethren will hearken unto him.—*Colusa Sun.*

THE GRANGERS IN MICHIGAN.—The Michigan Grangers, in Convention at Kalamazoo, have adopted a resolution declaring that railroads are amenable to State regulation as much as gravel road companies; the Legislature has as much right to regulate their charges as to fix turnpike tolls or charges of mills for grinding grain. We believe the position of the Michiganders is correct. It certainly is in accord with justice and good policy, and if it be repugnant to the law, the law ought to be changed.—*San Jose Argus.*

LAKE COUNTY.—A correspondent of the Vallejo *Independent*, writing from Lake county, says the Winter has been so wet that the farmers have done but little seeding, and that, if the weather should be good, they could not plow for two weeks. The streams have been unusually high, washing away bridges and destroying roads. The Winter has been very hard on stock, and sheep men are loosing nearly all their lambs and a large per cent. of the sheep. The Granges propose to establish a co-operative store at Lakeport.

SOUND ADICE.—Let the winds and waves of adversity blow and dash around you, if they will; but keep on the path of rectitude, and you will be as firm as a rock. Plant yourself upon principle, and bid defiance to misfortune. If gossip, with her poisoned tongue, meddles with your good name, heed her not. Carry yourself erect; let your course be straightforward, and by the serenity of your countenance and the purity of your life, give the lie to all who would under-rate and belittle you.

JOHN LEE CARROLL, President of the State Senate of Maryland, is the great-grand-son of Charles Carroll, of Carrolton, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. By the election of Governor Whyte to the U. S. Senate, he will become ex-officio Governor of Maryland for the unexpired term, ending Junuary 1, 1876. He is a young man, about thirty-eight years old, highly educated, able, and ambitious, and is considered the rising man of the Democratic party in Maryland.

SOLANO TAXES.—The total amount of taxes collected in Solano county by Treasurer Perkins up to the first Monday in February is $177,000.00. The amountof delinquent taxes in $14,000.

GEO. LEWALD & Co.,

(Successors to FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN)

—DEALERS IN—

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

CROCKERY,

HARDWARE,

OILS, PAINTS AND WALL-PAPER.

Orders received for all kinds of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS!

Agents for

Wood's Self-Raking Reaper!

—AND—

NEW IRON MOWER!

COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

Goods Sold at Low Prices and on Reasonable Terms.

☞ MR. KAUFMAN, of the late firm, is always on hand to attend to his old friends and patrons.

WOODLAND, Feb. 20, 1873. fe-3m

ANNUAL

Clearing Out SALE!

GREAT SACRIFICE!

We offer our Annual Clearing Out Sale sooner than usual, in order that our Patrons may have an opportunity to purchase cheap

Holiday Goods!

DRY GOODS!

ALL KINDS OF FUR

—AND—

WOOLEN GOODS,

CLOAKS,

SHAWLS,

FLANNEL SAQUES,

—AND—

An Entire New Lot of

DRESS GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED.

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING

—AND—

Furnishing Goods!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

We have reduced the price of our Goods, so that it is an inducement for everybody to buy.

Don't Fail to Call and Examine for Yourselves!

A. NICKELSBURG & BRO.

Woodland, Dec. 18th, 1873. de19

S. P. STINAFF. E. S. STINAFF.

S. P. STINAFF & SON,

(Successors to Gray & Wood)

DEALERS IN

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

MACHINERY,

HARDWARE,

Wooden-Ware,

Paints and Oils,

MAIN ST., WOODLAND,

Are fully supplied with the latest improved machinery and agricultural implements, which we sell at San Francisco prices.

We also call attention to our

Iron and Wood-Workers' Tools

And stock in trade, consisting of Iron, Steel, Coal, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Nails, Locks, Screws, Hinges, etc., etc., etc.

CASTINGS FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY!

CUTLERY,

In Every Style,

Cordage, Blasting Powder, Fuse,

And all kinds of Ammunition.

Wood and Willow-ware,

In great variety.

Our stock of PAINTERS' FINDINGS is large and complete, consisting of *Paints, Oils, Brushes, Window-Glass,* ETC., ETC.

The Attention of Farmers,

MECHANICS AND BUILDERS

Is particularly invited to our stock, each line of which is complete, and will be sold at very low prices.

S. P. STINAFF & SON.

Woodland, November 1st, 1873. no21-3m

J. L. SIMPSON,

Druggist,

GALBRAITH'S BLOCK,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils,

TOILET PERFUMES, FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF, HAIR OILS, SOAPS, HAIR BRUSHES, ETC.

A Fine Stock of

School Books,
Miscellaneous Books,
Stationery,
Initial Note,
Diaries, Etc.

Also, a Complete Assortment of GLASS, CIGARS, TOBACCO, LEGAL BLANKS.

Also, FINE PORT AND SHERRY WINES,

Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies,

COGNAC BRANDY,

Holland Gin, Jamaica Rum, Etc.

All of the purest quality for medicinal use.

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours by a thoroughly competent druggist

J. L. SIMPSON,

(Read & Magee's old stand,) Main street, de19-tf WOODLAND.

P. S. GLASSCOCK,

—DEALER IN—

Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery,

STATIONERY, ETC.,

—ALSO,—

Wholesale Dealer in Pure Liquors.

AGENT FOR THE

Liverpool & London & Globe FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

Front St., Knight's Landing.

AGENT FOR THE

SINGER SEWING MACHINE!

ja10-3m

FURNITURE, FURNITURE!

The undersigned having bought out his partner, Mr. Brogan, in the Furniture trade, will carry on the business as usual

One Door West of Bynum & Co.,

(COLLEGE BLOCK,)

Where he will keep every description of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!

And Sell at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES!

J. K. SMITH.

WOODLAND, June 8th, 1872. de5-3m

WINTER STYLES FOR '73-4

GENTS' SILK AND BUSINESS

HATS

Were Introduced August 30th,

AT D. H. QUINN'S,

HATTER & FURRIER,

87 J. STREET.

Ladies' Furs Made to Order and Repaired.

THE LATEST SHAPES.

de12-3m

EL DORADO

LIVERY STABLES!

POCKMAN & BRO.,

(Successors to Hubbard & Sill)

Have become the Proprietors of these celebrated Livery, Sale and Boarding Stables, and are prepared to furnish on short notice any kind of turn-out desired—Saddle Horses, Single or Double Buggies, Carriages or Barouches, and will furnish drivers if desired.

Horses Boarded by the day, week or month.

ja17-3m POCKMAN & BRO., Proprietors.

LOOK OUT!

IF YOU WANT A GOOD FITTING

BOOT OR SHOE

Made from the best French Calf, then call at

—THE—

S. Fr. Boot & Shoe Store.

They make them to order, and have always a large stock of their own make, also have a large assortment of the best San Francisco made goods on hand, and sell

At Very Reasonable Prices!

They warrant to give satisfaction on all their goods.

SEE THE SAN FRANCISCO

BOOT AND SHOE STORE!

no29-3m

BYNUM & CO.,

WEST END OF NEW COLLEGE BLOCK,

Main St., Woodland,

Dealers in all kinds of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES,

PURE WINES and LIQUORS,

For Medicinal Purposes,

—AND—

EVERYTHING USUALLY FOUND IN A

FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE!

—ALSO—

A Large Stock of Stationery,

—CONSISTING OF—

LEGAL BLANKS OF ALL KINDS

BLANK BOOKS, DIARIES, MEMORANDUMS, ETC., ETC.

A Fine Stock

—OF—

TOBACCO and CIGARS

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Prescriptions Carefully

AND ACCURATELY

Compounded—Day or Night—

—BY A—

THOROUGHLY COMPETENT DRUGGIST.

Nothing but the Purest Medicines Used.

ja17-3m

Porter & Co.,

Dealers in all kinds of

FAMILY GROCRIES AND PROVISIONS

Fruits and Vegetables,

FLOUR AND MEAL,

DAIRY PRODUCE, Etc., Etc.

In the New Brick Building, opposite the College,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.

FAMILY SUPPLIES.

We are now fully prepared to supply Families with everything in the line of Provisions of every kind. Our store has been enlarged, enabling us to keep a larger assortment than ever before. We have an unsurpassed stock of

GROCERIES!

To which we ask the attention of this community, believing that it cannot be equalled in Yolo county. A full assortment of

VEGETABLES!

Will be found in our store at all times, and we shall keep fully up to the market in this department of trade.

FRUITS!

Will receive special attention, and choicest qualities be kept on hand, fresh, throughout the season of each variety.

BUTTER AND CHEESE

Are particularly in our line, and purchasers can rely upon getting the best the market affords.

CROCKERY!

Has of late received considerable attention at our hands. We doubt if there is another house in town that does as much in this line. Now on hand a large variety. Call and see.

We shall keep a complete stock of goods in store, and sell at fair prices; therefore we ask a share of patronage from the people of Woodland and vicinity, guaranteeing entire satisfaction to all who favor us with their trade.

PORTER & CO.,

no28-3m Opp. College, Main st., Woodland.

REMOVAL

OF THE

WOODLAND PROVISION STORE

—TO THE—

NEW BUILDING

Directly west of Templars' Hall,

—AND—

Opposite the Old Stand.

J. G. SCHWALM,

Dealer in all kinds of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

Respectfully invites the residents of Woodland and vicinity to call at his new quarters, where he is fully prepared to supply their wants with every article of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Of the best quality, and too numerous to mention in an advertisement; also,

Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Pork.

PRESERVED MEATS

And the choicest Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco.

☞ *Depot of the National Brewery, of San Francisco.*

de19-3m

C. D. MORIN,

At his Old Stand, Opposite the Bank of Woodland,

Is prepared to do all kinds of

PLUMBING, GAS-FITTING,

—AND—

METAL ROOFING,

And Manufacturer of

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Wares,

ALSO, DEALER IN

STOVES,

PUMPS,

Iron and Galvanized Pipes of all sizes.

AGENT FOR THE

Celebrated "Union Range."

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, Of all kinds in his line.

GALVANIZED IRON

Water Tanks!

All Sizes, made to Order.

AGENCY FOR

Rose's deep well Force Pumps.

TOOLS FOR BORING WELLS

Can be had at my Store.

ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY Promptly attended to.

☞ SHOP ON MAIN STREET, (Next to Gray and Wood's Hardware Store.)

fe1-3m C. D. MORIN.

A. C. RUGGLES. T. B. REINDOLLAR.

T. B. Reindollar,

Dealers in all kinds of

Drugs,

Medicines,

Paints,

Oils,

Glass,

Brushes,

Perfumery,

BOOKS, STATIONERY, LAMPS,

And everything found in a

First-Class Drug Store.

Physicians' Prescriptions

ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED,

Day or night, by

T. B. REINDOLLAR,

APOTHECARY.

ONE DOOR WEST OF PORTER'S STORE, OPPOSITE THE COLLEGE.

ja25-3m Woodland.

LUMBER!

L. B. RUGGLES. S. A. DAVIS.

RUGGLES & DAVIS,

(Successors to L. B. Ruggles,)

AT THE OLD ESTABLISHED YARD,

South of Main St., near the College,

WOODLAND.

It is our intention to keep on hand every kind

—OF—

Building and Fencing Lumber,

Shakes,
Doors,
Blinds,
Plaster Paris,

SHINGLES, WINDOWS, LATHS,

Lime, Cement, Hair, Etc.

All Orders Promptly Filled on Liberal Terms to the Purchaser.

ja3-3m RUGGLES & DAVIS.

WHOLESALE LIQUOR HOUSE!

IN WOODLAND!

DRYFUS & CO.,

Have in store a full stock of

Choice Wines, Pure Liquors,

CIGARS, ETC.,

Which they offer to dealers and the public at wholesale rates as favorable as can be obtained anywhere on this Coast.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED,

—AND—

GOODS DELIVERED ON SHORT NOTICE.

Store opposite Bank of Woodland.

March 8th, 1873. de5-3m

GROCERY

—AND—

Provision Store!

Having fitted up my old store again and stocked it with a supply of all kinds of

Fresh Family Groceries,

I respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of the people of Woodland and vicinity, believing that I can suit them both as to goods and prices.

I respectfully invite my friends and the public to give me a call.

de12-3m I. HAFKY.

C. A. BROWN,

Carpenter and General Jobber,

RESIDENCE:

COR. THIRD ST. AND OAK AVENUE,

Will attend promptly to all kinds of work in his line, and feels confident of giving entire satisfaction.

☞ Work respectfully solicited and charges reasonable. no21

Still on Hand!

F. M. HALL,

MAIN STREET,

IN FRONT OF THE COLLEGE, WOODLAND,

Would respectfully announce to the People of Yolo County, that he is now permanently located in Woodland, and is prepared to fill all orders in his line at short notice and in a satisfactory manner.

Manufacturer —OF— And Dealer —IN—

ALL KINDS OF

HARDWARE, TINWARE,

STOVES,

RANGES, PUMPS,

PIPE OF ALL KINDS,

Nails, Screws, Hinges, Etc.,

WASH-BOARDS, CHURNS,

Clothes Wringers,
Galvanized Iron Wash Tubs,
Waffle Irons,
Gem Pans,
Sad Irons,
Rubber Hose,

COFFEE MILLS,

Knives and Forks,
Spoons,
Scrubbing and Horse Brushes,
Curry Combs,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

MANUFACTURER OF

ALL KINDS OF

Tin, Copper, Brass and Sheet-Iron Ware.

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

RICHMOND RANGE

—AND—

Empire City Cook Stove!

The Best Stoves Now in Use.

☞ Particular attention given to Repairing and Job Work. Give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. oct31 3m

Yolo Planing Mill,

MACHINE SHOP,

—AND—

Manufactory for Elevators and Self-Feeders for Threshing Machines,

COR. OF OAK AVENUE AND RAILROAD STS,

One Block South of Hesperian College.

The undersigned hereby notifies the public tht he has leased the Yolo Planing Mill and added to it a Machine and Blacksmith Shop, with a view to establishing a

MANUFACTORY FOR ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

And to do a General Milling Business in all its Departments.

Doors, Sash, Casings, Inside Finish, Brackets, Scroll Sawing, Wood and Iron Turning, Boring out Steam Cylinders and Douglas Pumps (of any size), Door and Window Frames and Moldings of all kinds made to order, Etc., Etc.

CONTRACTING AND JOBBING

Left to Contractors, House Builders and Carpenters, whose patronage is especially solicited, and

Good Work Guaranteed!

As None but First-Class Workmen will be employed. Besides, he is prepared to do

BLACKSMITHING!

AND REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

—AND—

STEAM ENGINES!

Will Manufacture Harrows, Cultivators, and anything in his line of business that may be ordered, at as reasonable rates as can be done in San Francisco.

ja2 BYRON JACKSON.

J. H. BROGAN,

GENERAL UNDERTAKER,

Having purchased the interest of Mr. Smith in this branch of the business, may be found at all times at the

OLD STAND OF S. HYMAN,

Opposite the Store of Geo. Lewald & Co.

Funerals Promptly Attended to,

—AND—

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

☞ He has the FINEST OF HEARSES.

Hearse Services in Woodland, $2,50; anywhere in the county, $5.00.

J. H. BROGAN.

WOODLAND, June 8th, 1872. de5-3m

NEW STORE.

New Goods and New Prices!

J. I. EATON,

(FORMERLY OF EATON & BRO.,)

Has just received and opened in the new building opposite the Masonic Hall, a new stock of

FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC.,

Which we offer for sale

For Cash, or in Thirty Days,

At prices to suit the times. I do my own work and have no rent to pay, consequently can sell at low figures.

Goods Delivered in Any Part of the City.

☞ Store in the Grove, opposite the Masonic Building.

Woodland, July 18th, 1873. ja17-3m

J. A. WILSON. JOHN BAUER.

[*Late of Gosselgren & Wilson.*]

WILSON & BAUER,

Cor. 4th and J Sts.,

SACRAMENTO,

IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

FURNITURE! BEDDING AND MIRRORS!

—ALSO,—

Solid Walnut Bedroom and Parlor Furniture!

DESKS AND BOOKCASES,

Of Every Description,

LOWER THAN SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

no15-3m

MUSIC HATH CHARMS!

PRICE REDUCED.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

WILL LAST A LIFE-TIME!

35,000

Of the Celebrated

Shoninger Organs

IN DAILY USE.

The best musical talent of the country recommend these Organs. The nicest and best. More for your money, and gives better satisfaction than any other now made. They comprise the

Eureka, Concerto, Orchestra

—AND—

GRANDS.

Illustrated Catalogues sent by mail, postpaid to any address, upon application to

B. SHONINGER & CO.,

ja2-6m NEW HAVEN, CONN.

W. S. HUSTON. R. M. HUSTON. E. T. HUSTON.

Huston Bros.,

SUCCESSORS TO

HUSTON & GOLDMAN,

Wholesale

—AND—

RETAIL DEALERS

—IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

KNIGHT'S LANDING.

de26

CITY LIVERY AND SALE STABLES!

OPPOSITE AMERICAN EXCHANGE HOTEL,

WOODLAND, YOLO CO., CAL.

The well-known Stables above referred to have been recently leased by the undersigned proprietor, who has thoughly refitted and furnished the same, and is now prepared to furnish the best of Livery turnouts at short notice and reasonable rates.

Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month.

Particular attention given to Breaking and Training Horses to Harness. Grain and Hay for Sale at retail. ☞ Give me a trial.

ja2-3m JAMES McHENRY, Proprietors.

FURNITURE STORE

—AND—

Cabinet Shop

South side of Main street, next to the Woodland Market and opposite El Dorado Livery Stable,

WOODLAND.

ALL KINDS OF HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE

FURNITURE,

Spring Matresses, Lounges, &c., constantly on hand and fitted up to order.

COFFINS OF ALL KINDS AND SIZES furnished on short notice.

REPAIRING.—All kinds of Furniture neatly and cheaply repaired.

ja17-3m P. KRELLENBERG.

PACIFIC SALOON!

Chris. Seiber, - - Proprietor,

Successor to H. Zoeller, deceased.

I keep the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and respectfully invite all my friends and the public to come and see me.

PACIFIC SALOON,

Opp. the College, Main St., Woodland.

ja24-3m

VON HOYTER'S

Cough Specific!

THE BEST REMEDY

FOR

COUGHS AND COLDS!

A COMPOUND OF

Tar, Liverwort, Hoarhound and Lobelia.

H. C. KIRK & CO., Agents,

ja16 SACRAMENTO.

WOODLAND BAKERY,

First Street,

Opposite Central Hall, near Capital Hotel.

O. SCHLUER, - Proprietor.

A Supply of

Bread, Cakes, Pies, Crackers,

Etc., always on hand, and delivered to any part of town if desired.

Balls and Parties

Supplied on short notice. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited. no21

COAL OIL, For sale at SIMPSON'S DRUG STORE

THE YOLO DEMOCRAT.

SUPPLEMENT.

VOL 7. WOODLAND, YOLO CO., CAL., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1874. NO. 12.

How Strange It Will Be.

How strange it will be, love—how strange when we two
Shall be what all lovers become?
You rigid and faithless, I cold and untrue;
You thoughtless of me, and I careless of you;
Our pet names grown rusty with nothing to do;
Love's bright web unraveled, and rent and worn through,
And life's loom left empty—ah, hum!
Ah, me!
How strange it will be!

How strange it will be when the witchery goes,
Which makes me seem lovely to-day;
When your thought of me loses its *couleur de rose*,
When every day serves some new fault to disclose,
And I wonder you could for a moment suppose—
When you find I've cold eyes and an everyday nose—
I was out of the commonplace way;
Ah, me!
How strange it will be!

How strange it will be, love—how strange when we meet
With just a still touch of the hand;
When my pulses no longer delightfully beat
At the thought of your coming, the sound of your feet;
When I watch not your coming far down the long street;
When your dear loving voice, too, so thrillingly sweet,
Grows harsh in reproach or command;
Ah, me!
How strange it will be!

How strange it will be when we willingly stay
Divided the weary day through;
Or getting remotely apart, as we may,
Sit chilly and silent, with nothing to say;
Or coolly converse on the news of the day,
Or a wearisome, old-married-folk sort of way!
I shrink from the picture—don't you?
Ah, me!
How strange it will be!

Dear love, if our hearts do grow torpid and cold,
As so many others have done;
If we let our love perish with hunger and cold;
If we dim all life's diamonds and tarnish its gold;
If we choose to live wretched and die unconsoled;
'Twill be the strangest of all things that ever were told
As happening under the sun!
Ah, me!
How strange it will be!

[From the forthcoming book, "The Gilded Age."]

A Fatal Steam Boat Race.

BY MARK TWAIN.

At night the boat forged on through the deep solitude of the river, hardly ever discovering a light to testify to a human presence—mile after mile and league after league the vast bends were guarded by unbroken walls of forest that had never been disturbed by the voice or footfall of a man or felt the edge of his sacrilegeous axe.

An hour after supper the moon came up, and Clay and Washington (two boys) ascended to the hurricane deck to revel again in their new realm of enchantment. They ran races up and down the deck; climbed about the bell; make friends with the passenger dogs chained under the life-boat; tried to made friends with a passenger bear fastened to the verge staff, but were not encouraged; "skinned the cat on the hog-chains;" in a word exhausted the amusement possibilities of the deck. Then they looked wistfully up at the pilot house, and finally little by little, Clay ventured up there, followed diffidently by Washington. The pilot turned presently to "get his stern marks," saw the lads and invited them in. This cosy little house built entirely of glass, and commanding a marvelous prospect in every direction, was a magician's throne to them, and their enjoyment of the place was simply boundless.

They sat down on a high wooden bench and looked miles ahead, and saw the wooded capes fold back and reveal the bends beyond; and they looked miles to the rear and saw the silvery highway diminish its breadth by degrees and close itself together in the distance. Presently the pilot said:

"By George, yonder comes the Amaranth."

A spark appeared, close to the water, several miles down the river. The pilot took his glass and gazed at it steadily for a moment, and said chiefly to himself:

"It can't be the Blue Wing. She couldn't pick us up in this way. It's the Amaranth sure."

He bent over a speaking tube, and said:

"Who's on watch, down there?"

A hollow, unhuman voice rumbled up through the tube in answer:

"I am. Second engineer."

"Good! You want to stir your stumps, now, Harry—the Amaranth's just turned the point—and she's just a-humping herself, too!"

The pilot took hold of a rope that stretched out forward, jerked it twice and two mellow strokes of the big bell responded. A voice out on deck shouted:

"Stand by, down there, with that larboard lead!"

"No, I don't want the lead," said the pilot, "I want you. Roust out the old man—tell him the Amaranth is coming And go and call Jim—tell him."

"Aye, aye, sir!"

The "old man" was the captain—he was always called so on steamships and boats; "Jim" was the other pilot. Within two minutes both of these men were flying up the pilot house stairway, three steps at a jump. Jim was in his shirt sleeves, with his coat and vest hanging on his arm. He said:

"I was just turning in. Where's the glass?"

He took it and looked.

"Don't appear to be any night hawk on the jackstaff—it's the Amaranth, dead sure!"

The captain took a long look and only said:

"Damnation!"

George Davis, the pilot on watch, shouted to the night watchman on deck:

"How's she loaded?"

"Two inches by the head, sir."

"'Tain't enough!"

The captain shouted now.

"Call the mate. Tell him to call all hands and get a lot of that sugar forrard—put her ten inches by the head. Lively now!"

"Aye, aye, sir."

A riot of shouting and trampling floated up from below, presently, and the uneasy steering of the boat soon showed that she was getting down by the head.

The three men in the pilot house began to talk in short, sharp sentences low and earnestly. As their excitement rose their voices went down. As fast as one of them put down the glass another took it up; but always with a studied air of calmness. Each time the verdict was:

"She's a-gaining."

The captain spoke through the tube:

"What steam are you carrying?"

"A two hundred and forty-two, sir!—But she's getting hotter all the time."

The boat was straining, and groaning and quivering like a monster in pain. Both pilots were at work now, one on each side of the wheel, with their coats and vests off, their bosoms and collars wide open, and perspiration flowing down their faces. They were holding the boat so close to the shore that the willows swept the guards almost from stem to stern.

"Stand by," whispered George.

"All ready!" said Jim, under his breath.

"Let her come!"

The boat sprang away from the bank like a deer, and darted in a long diagonal toward the other shore. She closed in again and thrashed her fierce way along the willows as before. The captain put down the glass:

"Lord, how she walks up on us! I do hate to be beat!"

"Jim," said George, looking straight ahead, and watching the slightest yawning of the boat, and promptly meeting it with the wheel, "how'll it do to try Murderer's Chute?"

"Well, it's—it's taking chances. How was the cottonwood stump on the false point below Boardman's Island this morning?"

"Water just touching the roots."

"Well, it's pretty close work. That gives six feet scant in the head of Murderer's Chute. We can just barely rub through if we hit it exactly right. But it's worth trying. She don't dare tackle it!"—meaning the Amaranth.

In another instant the Boreas plunged through what seemed a crooked creek, and the Amaranth's approaching lights were shut out in a moment. Not a whisper was uttered now, but the three men stared ahead into the shadows, and two of them spun the wheel back and forth with anxious watchfulness while the steamer tore along. The chute always seemed to come to an end every fifty yards, but always opened out in time. Now the head of it was at hand. George tapped the big bell three times, two leadsmen sprang to their posts, and in a moment their weird cries rose on the night air, and were caught up and repeated by two men on the upper deck:

"No-o bottom!"

"De-e-p four!"

"Half three!"

"Quarter three!"

"Mark under wa-a-ter three!"

"Half twain!"

"Quarter twain!—"

Davis pulled a couple of ropes—there was a jingling of small bells far below, the boat's speed slackened, and the pent steam began to whistle and the guage cocks scream:

"By the mark twain!"

"Quar-ter-*her*-er-*less* twain!"

"Eight *and* a half!"

"Eight feet!"

"Seven-an-a-half!"

Another jingling of little bells and the wheels stopped turning altogether. The whistling of the steam was something frightful, no—it almost drowned all other noises.

"Stand by to meet her!" George had the wheel hard down and was standing on a spoke.

"All ready!"

The boat hesitated—seemed to hold its breath, as did the captain and pilot—and then she began to fall away to starboard, and every eye lighted.

"Now then!—meet her! meet her! Snatch her!"

The wheel flew to port so fast that the spokes blended into a spider web—the swing of the boat subsided—she steadied herself.

"Seven feet!"

"Sev—six and a *half!*"

"Six feet! Six f—"

Bang! She hit the bottom! George shouted through the tube:

"Spread her wide open! Whale it at her!"

Pow-wow-chow! The escape pipes belched snowy pillars of steam aloft, the boat ground and surged, and trembled and slid over into—

"M-a-r-k twain!"

"Quarter-her—"

"Tap! tap! tap!" (to signify "Lay in the leads.")

And away she went, flying up the willow shore, with the whole silver sea of the Mississippi stretching broad on every hand.

No Amaranth in sight.

"Ha-ha, boys, we took a couple of tricks that time," said the captain.

And just at that moment a red glare appeared in the mouth of the chute, and the Amaranth came springing after them.

"Well, I swear!"

"Jim, what is the meaning of that?"

"I'll tell you what is the meanig of it. That hail we had at Napoleon was Wash Hastings, wanting to go to Cairo, and we didn't stop. He's in that pilot house now, showing those mud turtles how to hunt for easy water."

"That's it! I thought it wasn't any slouch that was running that middle bar in Hog-eye Bend. If it's Wash Hastings—well, what he don't know about the river ain't worth knowing—a regular gold leaf, kid glove, diamond breastpin pilot, Wash Hastings is. We couldn't take any tricks off of him, old man!"

"I wish I'd stopped for him, that's all."

The Amaranth was within three hundred yards of the Boreas, and still gaining. The old man spoke through the tube:

"What's she carrying now?"

"A hundred and sixty-five, sir!"

"How's your wood?"

"Pine all out, cypress half gone, eating up cotton wood like pie!"

"Break into that rosin on the main deck, pile it in, the boat can pay for it!"

Soon the boat was plunging and quivering, and screaming more madly than ever. But the Amaranth's head was almost abreast the Boreas' stern.

"How's your steam now, Harry?"

"Hundred and eighty-two, sir!"

"Break up the casks of bacon in the forrard hold! Pile it in! Levy on that turpentine in the fantail—drench every stick of wood with it!"

The boat was a moving earthquake by this time.

"How is she now?"

"A hundred and ninety-six, and still a swelling—water below the middle guage cocks—carrying every pound she can stand, nigger roosting on the safety-valve!"

"Good! How's your draft?"

"Bully! every time a nigger heaves a piece of wood into the furnace he goes out of the chimney with it."

The Amaranth drew steadily up till her jackstaff breasted the Boreas' wheelhouse, climbed along inch by inch, till her chimneys breasted it, crept along, further and further, till the boats were wheel to wheel—and then they closed up with a heavy jolt and locked together in the middle of the big river under the flooding moonlight! A roar and hurrah went up from the crowded decks of both steamers; all hands rushed to the guards to look, and shout, and gesticulate, the weight careened the vessels over toward each other—officers flew hither and thither cursing and storming, trying to drive people amidships—both captains were leaning over their railings shaking their fists, swearing and threatening; black volumes of smoke rolled up and canopied the scene, delivering a rain of sparks upon the vessels—two pistol shots rang out, and both captains dodged unhurt, and the passengers surged back and fell apart, while the shrieks of women and children soared above the intolerable din.

And then there was a booming roar, a thundering crash, and then the riddled Amaranth dropped loose from their hold and drifted helplesly away!

Instantly the fire rooms of the Boreas were thrown open, and the men began dashing buckets of water into the furnaces—for it would have been death and destruction to stop the engines with such a head of steam on.

As soon as possible the Boreas dropped down to the floating wreck, and took off the dead, the wounded, and unhurt, at least all that could be got, for the whole forward half of the ship was in a shapeless ruin, with the great chimneys lying crossed on the top of it, and underneath were a dozen victims imprisoned alive and wailing for help, while men with axes worked with might and main to free the poor fellows, the Boreas' boat went about, picking up the stragglers from out the river.

And now a new horror presented itself. The wreck took fire from the dismantled furnaces! Never did a man work with a heartier will than did those stalwart braves with axes, but it was of no use. The fire ate its way steadily, despising the bucket brigade that fought it. It scorched the clothes, it singed the hair of the axemen—it drove them back foot by foot—inch by inch—they wavered, struck a final blow in the teeth of the enemy, and surrendered. And as they fell back they heard prisoned voices saying:

"Don't leave us! Don't desert us! Don't do it!" And one poor fellow said;

"I am Henry Worley, striker of the Amaranth! My mother lives in St. Louis. Tell her a lie for a poor devil's sake, please. Say I was killed in an instant and never knew what hurt me—though God knows I've neither scratch nor bruise this moment! It's hard to burn up in a coop like this with a whole world so near. Good-by, boys, we have all got to come to it at last, any way!"

The Boreas stood away out of danger, and the ruined steamer went drifting down the stream an island of wreathing and climbing flame that vomited clouds of smoke from time to time, and glared more fiercely and sent its luminous tongues higher and higher after each emission. A shriek at intervals told of a captive who had his doom. The wreck lodged upon a sandbar, and when the Boreas turned the next point on her upward journey it was still burning with scarcely abated fury.

When the boys came down in the main saloon of the Boreas, they saw a pitiful sight and heard a world of pitiful sounds. Eleven poor creatures lay dead and forty more lay moaning, or pleading or screaming, while a score of Good Samaritans moved among them doing what they could to relieve their sufferings; bathing their skinless faces and bodies with linseed oil and lime water, and covering the places with bulging masses of raw cotton that gave to every face and form a dreadful and unhuman aspect.

A little wee French midshipman of fourteen lay dreadfully injured, but never uttered a sound until a physician of Memphis was about to dress his hurts.

"Can I get well? You need not be afraid to tell me."

"No—I—I am afraid you cannot."

"Then do not waste your time with me, help those that can get well."

"But—"

"Help those that can get well! It is not for me to be a girl. I carry the blood of eleven generations of soldiers in my veins!"

The physician—himself a man who had seen service in the navy in his time—touched his hat to this little hero and passed on.

The head engineer of the Amaranth, a grand specimen of physical manhood, struggled to his feet a ghastly spectacle, and strode toward his brother second engineer, who was unhurt. He said;

"You were on watch. You were boss. You would not listen to me when I begged of you to reduce your steam. Take that! take it to my wife and tell her it comes from the hand of my murderer! Take it!—and take my curse with it to blister your heart a hundred years—and may you live so long!" And he tore a ring from his finger, stripping flesh and skin with it, threw it on the ground, and fell dead!

But these things must not be dwelt upon. The Boreas landed her dreadful cargo at the next large town and delivered it over into a multitude of eager hands and warm southern hearts—a cargo amounting by this time to 39 wounded persons and 22 dead bodies. And with these she delivered a list of 96 missing persons who had drowned or otherwise perished at the scene of the disaster.

A jury was impaneled, and after due deliberation and inquiry, they returned the inevitable American verdict, which has been so familiar to our ears all the days of our life—"Nobody to blame."

The Funeral of James King of Wm.

"The funeral came off on Sunday, a most beautiful day. The churches were full, and as they let out, the people, as by a common understanding, streamed toward the jail. All Telegraph Hill was crowded with people. I was out at my house, when the Governor sent for me, and I found him on the roof of the International Hotel, watching the crowd as it gathered about the jail. We could see parties at the jail door. A battalion of armed men, with guns, were drawn up in Broadway facing the jail. We saw a few men leave this line and advance to the jail door, which soon opened and admitted them. They soon came back, leading Casey out to a carriage in waiting. Again they entered, and returned leading out Cora, whom they placed in another carriage.

"The procession then formed and escorted these two men publicly through the streets of San Francisco, to the Committee-rooms on Front Street; and while King's funeral procession passed along Montgomery Street toward the cemetery, these two men were swung out, suspended to beams prepared beforehand, as a part of the funeral ceremonies.

"The Governor of the State and the civil authorities were powerless. They stood by and witnessed a scene that does not, in my judgment, reflect honor upon the city of San Francisco, or the State of California. The whole subject was the occasion of a great deal of feeling. I thought then, and think now, that the courts of San Francisco were then good, and the only difficulty in administering criminal law was in getting good juries. Had the men who led off in that Committee helped to form good juries, Casey and Cora could have had a fair trial, and would have been executed by the law, instead of by a mob."—*Gen. Sherman in February Overland Monthly.*

FIRST COST OF A MAN OR WOMAN.—An economic journal enters into strangely curious calculations as to the actual cost, in dollars and cents, which a man or woman would be to the world and society by the time he or she got old enough to begin to "pay expenses," or to return back to the country what thus far had been expended in rearing their population.

Every baby, it is fair to assume, when properly brought up, costs its parents at least fifty dollars a year, an expense which increases largely as food, clothing, the shelter of a warm home, education, and spending money are required for the growing child. The actual cost up to the fifteenth year, of each child in this Republic, is certainly not less than one thousand dollars. At that age its labor would be worth its subsistence. Not till it reaches the age of eighteen (and a great many not even then) does it really begin to be productive. For every 100,000 children the nation has to produce six or eight millions of dollars consumed without adding at all to production. To rear that number of children to a productive age certainly costs a hundred millions of dollars, without any profit whatever in return. Herein is the great value of immigration. This great Republic receives into its broad and glorious bosom every day not less than one thousand emigrants from the Old World. Of course two-thirds, perhaps seven-eighths, are adults, ready grown for us by Europe at her cost up to the productive point, when they come to our shores to give us the benefit of their toil. Annually does Europe labor industriously to produce and raise for our Republic, free of cost, more than 300,000 persons, who we could not have furnished ourselves at an expense of $300,000,000. No wonder that we grow rich and prosperous, for the loss of the world is our gain, and all the countries are nursing mothers for ours.

A PUZZLED JUDGE.—Judge Marshall's simplicity of character and absent-mindedness have been the theme of a number of anecdotes. The best one known is about his puzzle over the buggy and the sapling. Turning aside one day to avoid one of those awful mudholes which abound in Virginia country roads, the axle of his buggy encountered a tough sapling. The sapling was between the hub of the wheel and the body of the buggy. Too big to bend down, and too supple to break, this sapling seemed to the judge to be wholly unconquerable. What to do he knew not. He got down out of the buggy the better to apply his great intellect to the knotty subject, and to study it thoroughly up. While pondering vainly, a negro came along. "Uncle," said the Chief Justice, "I wish you would tell me about this sapling. I can't get over it, and I don't want to stay here all day and miss court. What do you think I had better do?"

The negro could not repress a broad but silent grin.

"Why, ole marster," said he, "I 'spec' de bes' thing you kin do is to back yo' buggy till you git clar ov de saplin', den hade (head) ov yo' hoss, and den you kin 'void de saplin', and go to cote slick as goose-grease."

"Thank you—thank you, kindly, uncle; I should never have thought of that in the world. You are a man of superior mind. There's half a dollar for you," and the judge drove joyfully off.

Owing to the extreme dull and blue times, an up-country druggist advertises to sell opium for seventy-five cents an ounce, and morphine for seventy-five cents a bottle.

HOUSEHOLD.

VENTILATION.—What a mistaken economy it is to shut up the house as close as possible during this cold season and fire up the furnace. A gentleman has just asked me if I don't think that an air-tight stove is a more economical way of heating a room than an open grate? Certainly not! I told him. Nothing can be economical, even in a dollar point of view, which is not healthful. In the case of the poor laborer, even, what is his capital? A clear brain and good muscle. He, of all men, can least afford to poison his blood with the close, overheated air of hot furnaces and close stoves. It is only the devotees of fashion, both ladies and gentlemen, that can afford to live, move and have their being in unventilated, overheated houses. As these creatures are of no possible use to anybody, as they only consume and waste, I enjoy seeing them poisoned and flushed in the stifling atmosphere of a close, furnace-heated house.

Of all the devices for ventilation, nothing equals the open grate. No working family can afford to be without it. It will contribute additional health and working capacity enough to more than make up for its additional cost. I am far from being an extravagant man, but living where wood is fourteen dollars a cord, I have in my study an old-fashioned open wood fire with andirons, and I am sure that I can make no wiser, no more economical investment.

A grate with coal and a good draught is a very good substitute, and much cheaper.—*Dio Lewis in To-Day.*

WASHING LIGHT-COLORED CALICOES.—Take a tablespoonful of alum, and dissolve it in enough lukewarm water to rinse a print dress. Dip the soiled dress into it, taking care to wet thoroughly every part of it, and then wring it out. Have warm soapsuds all ready (but only pleasantly warm to the hand—hot water always fades calicoes,) and wash out the dress quickly; then rinse it in cold water. Have the starch ready—but not too hot, only warm—rinse the dress in it, wring it out, and hang it to dry, but not in the sun.

Always place your line where the wind will strike it rather than the sun. When dry enough to iron, bring in and iron directly. Prints should never be sprinkled, but if allowed to become rough dry, they should be ironed under a damp cloth. It is better to wash them some day by themselves, when washing and ironing can be done at once.

DANGER FROM WET CLOTHES.—Few persons fully understand the reason why wet clothes exert such a chilling influence. It is simply this: Water, when it evaporates, carries off an immense amount of heat, in what is called the latent form. One pound of water in vapor contains as much heat as nine or ten pounds of liquid water, and all this heat must, of course, be taken from the body. If our clothes are moistened with three pounds of water, that is, if by wetting they are three pounds heavier, these three pounds will, in drying, carry off as much heat as would raise three gallons of ice-cold water to the boiling point. No wonder that damp clothes chill us.

LIGHT IN THE ROOM FOR THE SICK.—The late physician to the Emperor of Russia made a careful study of the effect of light as a curative agent in the hospital of St. Petersburg. He discovered that the number of patients who were cured in rooms properly lighted was four times as large as when they were confined in dark rooms.

TO CLEAN SWEETMEAT JARS OR BOTTLES.—This can be done without scraping them by pouring in the jars hot water and a teaspoonful or two of pearlash. The contents which remain sticking to the sides and bottom of the jar will be disengaged by the pearlash and float in the water. Wash bottles the same way, or kettles or any other vessels which you wish to purify or clear from grease. Strong lye poured off clear from good hickory ashes will answer nearly as well for the same purpose, and for kegs, buckets and other large cooking utensils, lye from good ashes may always be used.

BRANDY PEACHES.—One pound of sugar to each pound of fruit; boil fruit until soft, make the syrup with as little water as possible. Take the peaches and lay separately on a dish, boil the syrup again until of the right consistency; put the peaches in the jar, then add one part brandy to two parts syrup, stir and fill up the jar.

COTTAGE PUDDING.—One cup of sugar one cup of milk, two heaping cups of flour, three tabespoonfuls of butter, two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar, one teaspoonful of soda, and one cup of cranberries. Bake about half an hour. To be eaten with sweet sauce.

FRENCH TOAST.—One egg, about one cup of milk, a very little salt, mix well together; dip in this slices of bread, (this is sufficient for about six slices), and fry on a griddle. This buttered is very nice, is quickly prepared, and is a good way to use stale bread.

COFFEE CAKES. Take a piece of bread dough after it has risen, and roll thin without moulding, cut and fry in hot lard the same as doughnuts, they should be eaten warm, and are nice and convenient for breakfast with coffee.

CLEANING STOVES. Stove luster, when mixed with turpentine and applied in the usual manner, is blacker, more glossy and more durable than when mixed with any other liquid. The turpentine prevents rust, and when put on an old rusty stove will make it look as well as new.

A gentle Quaker had two horses, a good and a very poor one. When seen riding the latter it turned out that his better half had taken the good one. "What!" said a sneering bachelor, "how comes it that you let your wife ride the better horse?" The only reply was: "Friend, when thee gets married thee'll know."

I will listen to any one's convictions, but pray keep your doubts to yourself. I have plenty of my own.—[Goethe,

ANECDOTES.

SHEEP WASHING.—Some years ago the good people of L——, Mass., assembled for the purpose of forming a temperance society. After the usual preliminaries, the pledge was submitted to the audience for signatures. At that, Deacon Smith arose and addressed them thus:

"My friends, I should have no objections to signing your pledge but for one thing—I have been accustomed to my plum pudding at Christmas. Now, you all know that plum pudding is good for nothing without sauce, and sauce is insipid without a little good brandy in it. Now, if you can fix the pledge so that I can have my brandy sauce and plum pudding at Christmas, I will sign it with great pleasure."

After a little arguing pro and con, a clause was added, allowing Deacon S. his sauce at Christmas, but at no other time, and Deacon S. signed the pledge.

Soon after Farmer Jones arose and said:

"My friends, I have no objections to signing your pledge, if you will allow me one thing. I always want liquor in the harvest-field to counteract the bad effect of so much cold water as is usually drank at that time. If you can fix it so that I can have my liquor in the harvest field, I will sign your pledge."

Again, after considerable arguing, there was a clause added, allowing Farmer Jones his liquor in the harvest field, but at no other time.

After Farmer Jones had taken his seat, neighbor Bent arose.

"My friends," said he, "I will sign your pledge if you will add one thing to it, that is, fix it so I can have my liquor at sheep-washing. I think it very necessary that a man should have some good strong liquor when coming out of water after washing sheep to prevent the bad effects that arise from standing in it so long."

After a good deal of talk, a clause was added allowing Farmer Bent his liquor at sheep washing.

When all had signed the pledge, the meeting was adjourned for one week.

The next morning one of Farmer B.'s neighbors was passing his house, and the old gentleman stepped out just then gloriously drunk.

"Why, Uncle John, how's this?" said his neighbor, a good deal surprised. "I thought you signed the pledge last night."

"So I did," replied Uncle John, "but (hic) I am wash-ish-ing sheep."

He led the way to the barn, the neighbor following.

On arriving there he saw standing in the middle of the barn floor a large wash tub about half full of water, and the old ram tied to it, wet as he could be and shivering with cold. Close by stood a two gallon jug.

Uncle John, poinring to the ram with an air of triumph, said:

"I (hic) washed that (hic) sheep twelve times this morning."

A PRINTER IN A TIGHT PLACE.—A printer by the name of Childs once edited a paper in this village, and it so happened that the times came on very dull, and money matters were extremely tight, much like the present state of things. C. concluded to take a trip around among his country subscribers and try and collect a little of the needful.

After a circuit of a number of miles on foot, without much encouragement in the way of collecting, weary and footsore, he espied a hotel sign looming up in the distance. "This," whispered he, to himself, "shall be my abiding place for the night." He found to his agreeable surprise that a ball was coming off at said hotel in the evening. The landlord invited him to join, but he declined intimating that in his hurry on leaving home he had neglected to bring a change of linen. This objection the landlord met by offering to lend him all he wanted in that line.

After resting a while he concluded to take up with the offer and participate. He was introduced to a young lady as "Mr. C., the printer from Seneca Falls," and while going through the first waltz he was startled by hearing his name called by some one, who wished to know if a person answering to that name was in the room. He ceased his whirling and advanced to the front, and announced himself as that individual.

"Then take off that shirt d—n quick," was the reply.

It appears that the landlord had made a mistake, and loaned him a shirt belong to a stage driver boarding at the house, who, on coming in from a trip and wishing to join in the festivities, found to his chagrin that the "printer" had his shirt on. An explanation followed, and the ball went on, but poor C. never heard the end of it.—*Cor. Danbury News.*

SUBMARINE LANDSCAPE.—When the sea is perfectly clear and transparent, it allows the eye to distinguish objects at a very great depth. Near Mindora, in the Indian Ocean, the spotted corals are plainly visible under twenty-five fathoms of water. The crystalline clearness of the Caribbean Sea excited the admiration of Columbus, who, in the pursuit of his great discoveries, ever retained an eye open for the beauties of nature. "In passing over these splendidly adorned grounds," says Schopf, "where marine life shows itself in a variety of forms, the boat, suspended over the purest crystal, seems to float in the air, so that a person unaccustomed to the scene easily becomes giddy. On the clear sandy bottom appear thousands of sea-stars, sea-urchins, mollusks, and fishes of a brilliancy of color unknown in our temperate seas. Fiery red, intense blue, lively green, and golden yellow perpetually vary; the spectator floats over groves of sea-plants, gorgonias, corals, alcyoniums, flabeliums, and sponges, that afford no less delight to the eye, and are no less gently agitated by the heaving waters, than the most beautiful garden on earth when a gentle breeze passes through the waving boughs.—*The Sea and its Wonders.*

A Kentucky paper speaks of the "reviled" statutes of that State.

Migration of Insects.

The following historical facts will give an idea of the enormous magnitude sometimes attained by migrating swarms of insects. After the defeat of Poltava, while retreating through Bessarabia, Charles XII.'s army was marching through a defile, when suddenly the men and horses were brought to a halt, being blinded by a living hail precipitated from a thick cloud which intercepted the light of the sun. The coming of the locusts was heralded by a whizzing sound like that which precedes a storm of wind, and the noise of their wings and of their bodies as they clashed together was greater than the roar of breakers on the seashore! General Levaillant saw, at Philippeville, Algeria, a cloud of locusts twenty to twenty-five miles in length, which, when it descended to the earth, formed a layer over an inch thick.

Toward the close of 1864 the cotton plantations of Senegal were destroyed, and a living cloud was seen to pass over the country from morning until night; the rate at which it moved showed that it was about fifty miles long; and this was only the vanguard, for when the sun went down a still denser cloud was moving on. The English traveler, Barrow, states that in Southern Africa, in the year 1797, these insects covered the ground to the extent of two square miles, and that having been driven by the wind toward the sea, they formed a drift near the sea nearly four feet in depth and fifty miles long! After the wind changed, the stench of their putrefying carcasses was recognized at the distance of a hundred and fifty miles.

The famines produced by the voracity of these acridians are not the only evils they cause to men and animals; a pestilential epidemic is sometimes the result of the foul emanations from their rotting bodies. The invasions of these insects are veritable national calamities. In 1835 China was ravaged by them, and the sun and moon were obscured. Wherever they alighted the finest and richest crops were instantly devoured and the fields left bare; even the contents of the barn were to a great extent consumed by them. The people fled in alarm to the mountains. In the submerged districts, where there were no crops to devour, the locusts penetrated into the houses and destroyed the people's clothing. These ravages, which began in April, continued without interruption till the season of frost and snow.—*From Popular Science Monthly.*

THE WIFE OF AGASSIZ.—It may be a fact less familiar to the public, but it is one well known to Prof. Agassiz's friends, that his wife was his complement and in every sense a helpmate. What the professor lacked in order, method, or business habits was abundantly supplied by Mrs. Agassiz. It was her graceful and assiduous pen that recast and put into more classic moulds the professor's ready English. It was her constant encouragement and stimulus that supported the professor in new and difficult undertakings. Her counsel was always listened to with respect. It is safe to say that we should not have had so many of his works put in a permanent form in English if it had not been for her earnest cooperation. The professor, as all knew, was a ready lecturer and always delivered his addresses without manuscript. In all his lectures and speeches near home Mrs. Agassiz accompanied him whenever possible, and took copious notes and thus preserved the thought for future use. All his communications for the press passed through her hands. She wrote much from his dictation, attended to a great many of his business details, and in a thousand ways forwarded his work. Every word of praise we bestow on the silent dead is an unuttered recognition of her who shared alike his labors and his rewards. Let us hope that she who knew him better than any or all of us, may crown this life of devotion by completing and giving to the world her own record—long since begun—of the genius and work of him whose departure has left such a void in our hearts.—*New York Tribune.*

THE LAUGHTER CURE.—The Pittsburg *Gazette* relates the following: "A short time since two individuals were lying in one room, very sick, one with brain fever, and the other with an aggravated case of the mumps. They were so low that watches were needed every night, and it was thought doubtful if the one sick with fever would recover. A gentleman was engaged to watch over night, his duty being to wake the nurse whenever it became necessary to administer medicine. In the course of the night both watcher and nurse fell asleep. The man with the mumps lay watching the clock, and saw that it was time to give the fever patient his potion. He was unable to speak aloud, or move any portion of his body except his arms, but seizing a pillow he managed to strike the watcher in the face with it. Thus suddenly awakened, the watcher sprang from his seat, falling to the floor, and awakening both the nurse and the fever patient. The incident struck the sick men as very ludicrous, and they laughed heartily at it for some fifteen or twenty minutes. When the doctor came in the morning he found his patients vastly improved; said he never knew so sudden a turn for the better; and now both are up and well."

Some originality has at last found its way into the obituary columns of the George W. Childs—the Philadelphia *Ledger*, rather:

"Lay aside his little trousers,
That our darling used to wear,
He will never on earth want them,
He has climbed the golden stair."

If anybody can read that verse without shedding tears he may safely be called a fiend in human form. The picture of a little boy climbing golden stairs without his trousers on is very beautiful, and the more so because of the reflection that the little one can never catch cold again.

The bore is happy enough in boring others, but is never so miserable as when left alone, when there is no one but himself to bore.

[From the Commercial Herald.]

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.

There has been quite a marked decline in the price of Wheat since our last weekly reference, owing to increased offerings from the interior, lessened Liverpool quotations, higher freights, and withal the advanced stage of the shipping season, when the risks of the English market are enhanced by the near approach of the harvest in Great Britain. Some speculation is being indulged in respecting the magnitude of last year's Wheat crop. The intelligent reader should bear in mind that at the time of the last harvest we carried over a large surplus stock of grain, and it is that surplus which has helped to swell our exports to the present figures. Up to this writing there seems to be no felt scarcity of Wheat in any quarter, nor do our millers exhibit any fears of a short supply between now and the next harvest. There is yet no speculative feeling abroad, and no anxiety manifested upon the part of millers and others to stock up for local necessities; but it seems to us as though the time was approaching when we are to feel a scarcity of Breadstuff for at least a brief period. Certainly, if there was any truth in crop estimates, or correctness in stock returns, our continued exports of both Flour and Wheat upon the present gigantic scale must soon be felt in the direction pointed out. Now there is great anxiety felt to give dispatch to the large Wheat fleet at present on the berth, and of course there is a lively outward movement at this time, not only from this port, but also in Oregon. Advices just at hand announce the following:

Sailed from Astoria January 22d, ship Navigator, with 16,500 ctls Wheat for Cork; the Arasco, with 19,600 ctls; the Tongay for Queenstown, with 17,500 ctls; the Mary E. May for Cork, with 15,000 ctls. Cleared—the Sythet for Liverpool, with 15,500 ctls; the St. Michael for Cork, with 14,400 ctls. The value of the cargoes of these vessels is nearly $200,000.

Few persons can realize the extent of our wheat-fields. The Chico *Enterprise* of January 16th, has the following:

H. J. Glenn, an enterprising farmer of Colusa County, will put in, on his *little* farm, near Jacinto, this year, 40,000 acres of wheat, from which we make the following estimate: At 20 bushels per acre—which is not a high estimate for the prospect of the present season—the yield will be 1,000,000 bushels, or 60,000,000 pounds. At 127 lbs to the sack, it will require 480,000 sacks. At 200 tons per barge load, on the Sacramento River, it will take one steamer two years to deliver it to San Francisco, allowing one trip per week, and will take 30 ships, of 1,300 tons each, to deliver it in England. But the most important calculation still remains to be made, especially to Mr. Glenn, and that is, the calculation of the net profit accruing from the $1,000,000 that it will bring him on the ranch, at $1 per bushel.

The shipment of 550 tons Wheat to Liverpool, per steamer Colima via Panama, is at this time noteworthy. The freight paid thereon is said to be £4 5s. The outward movement in Barley is also specially noticeable. The Colima for Panama carried, en route for New York, 11,130 ctls, and the steamer China, to follow per same route on the 2d prox., will also carry several hundred tons brewing Barley for New York. In addition to this, the overland Barley movement is considerable for Louisville, Ky., Chicago, St. Louis, and perhaps other points East of us. This Barley movement is somewhat unexpected, and is rapidly reducing stocks to a point where they can be easily controlled. Corn has entirely recovered from the late temporary decline. Oats seem to be entirely neglected. Hay and Bran are lower.

FLOUR—We note a cargo sale of 7,000 bbls Oregon, Salem Mills, for French account, upon terms reserved. The ship Malay, for Hongkong, will carry the bulk of 22,667 ½-sks Golden Age Superfine. The National Mills have just delivered 7,400 bf sacks Extra, for Liverpool. The Montgomery Castle, for Liverpool, carried the bulk of 11,115 bbls Extra. The D. O. Murray, for Honolulu, carried 3,300 qr sacks. The arrivals from Oregon include 6,116 bf sacks per W. H. Meyer. The Idaho brought 4,077 qr sacks and 1468 bf sacks, chiefly Extras. The price of Flour remains substantially the same as for some time past, say $5 50@5 75 for Superfine; Extra Superfine, $6; Baker's and Family Extra, $6 50@7 ₰ 196 lbs, the latter a jobbing price for the best silk-dressed.

WHEAT—Immediately following our last issue, sales of Choice to Extra Choice Milling were concluded at $2 30@2 32½, declining at once with sales of a round lot of inferior, say 15,000 sacks at $2 10; 10,000 sacks Extra Choice Club sold at $2 31¼; 750 tons Choice, $2 30; 500 tons do. $2 25; 1300 tons, $2 27½; 200 sacks Oregon, $2 20; 500 sacks California, $2 20; 5,000 sacks Choice, $2 25. The steamer Colima, for Panama, carried en route to Liverpool, 11,130 ctls. At the close, we quote the market quiet at $2 10@2 25. Liverpool quotations for average, 13s 6d@13s 9d; Club, 13s 11d@14s 2d. The Idaho, from Oregon, brought us 2,165 sacks.

BARLEY—An active Eastern demand exists from New York and "from the West." Shipments overland and via Panama are in order to a very liberal extent. Low freights by both routes enable us to ship freely of our surplus. Sales for the week aggregate 5,000 sks Coast Feed at $1 22½@1 25; 5,500 sks choice bright Bay at $1 50@1 55; 4,500 sks Coast Brewing at $1 45. Extra choice is held at $1 60@1 65 ₰ ctl, with sales at the close of 300 tons at $1 60.

OATS—Oregon supplies are free. The W. H. Meyer from Columbia River, brought us 1,534 sks; the Idaho, 1,100 sks. These supplies come to a slow market, and into competition with liberal home supplies. There is no export demand, and prices are low and nominal, with no sales of magnitude to record. Quotable at $1 50@1 75 ₰ ctl.

CORN—The Mohongo brought up about 2,000 sks from lower coast ports. The bulk of it sold at $1 60@1 65 ₰ ctl.

BUCKWHEAT—This article is very scarce, and wanted at 3½c. The jobbing price advanced to 4@4½c.

RYE—Is scarce, and wanted at $1 75@1 80 ₰ ctl.

HAY—The supply is liberal, and by reason of the continued rain prices ease off—say $12@17 ₰ ton.

BRAN AND MIDDLINGS—Prices have declined to $18@27 50 per ton respectively.

FLAXSEED—The present price is 3c, but the oil mills offer 3¼c for next crop, as an inducement for increased production in the State.

OIL CAKE MEAL—The mill price to the trade is yet $32 50, less the customary discount.

MUSTARD SEED—There is a light demand for White at 1¾@2¼c. Brown and Red, 2½@3c, according to quality.

BEANS—Prices are higher. Bayos, 2¾@2¾c; Butter, 3@3c; Pea, 4¼@4½c; Small White, 3½@4c; Pink and Red, 2¼@2½c.

HOPS—We have no sales to report; the market very quiet and prices nominal, say 32½@35c.

ALFALFA SEED—The demand is good, with jobbing sales at 18@20c.

WOOL—We remark an active week's business, including a single purchase of 294,000 lbs long clean staple at 22c. Other sales may be noted to the extent of 200,000 lbs within the range of our quotations. The stock on hand is very much reduced, and the sales reported have been chiefly for local mills, and they are now carrying full stocks. We quote Northern free staple at 20@22c; short free, 16@18c; dark, 13@17c; Southern, slightly burry, 14@15c; burry, 12½@13½c.

HIDES—We continue to quote Dry at 18@19c; Wet Salted dull at 9c.

TALLOW—The market is dull, stock large, with a large prospective supply are long. Crude, 6¼@7c; Refined, 9c.

LEATHER—We have no material change to note in values; business at present rather slack.

POTATOES—Receipts since our last have been light from Humboldt, and offerings small, with a steady demand and firm market at $1 12½@1 20. Petaluma and Tomales, $1@1 12½.

ONIONS—Are in demand. Good to choice salable from $1 75 to $2 10.

HONEY—The market is fully supplied with strained. Prices are merely nominal—say 8@12c, according to quality. Comb is in light supply, quotable at 20@25c for choice. Strained in 2-lb cans is worth $2 25; Comb in 2-lb cans, $4 ₰ doz. 20 cs Comb sold for New York at 25c.

BEESWAX—Very quiet. Light stock on hand, but no inquiry. Can be bought at from 25c to 30c.

POULTRY AND GAME—Prices of Poultry of all kinds have been advanced, in anticipation of the near approach of the Chinese holidays. We quote: Hens and Roosters, $6@8; Broilers, $5 50@6 50; tame Ducks, $10@12 ₰ doz; tame Geese, $2 50@2 75 ₰ pair; Turkeys, live, plenty at 17@18c ₰ lb; dressed do, 18@20c ₰ lb. Game is in fair supply with moderate demand. Hare, $2 50@3 ₰ doz; Quail $1 75@2; Snipe, 75c@$1; English do, $1 50@2; wild Geese, best, $3@3 50; Mallard Ducks, $4@4 50; small do, $2@2 50 ₰ doz.

CATTLE—Beef of really choice quality is quite scarce and high, while inferior and poor is plenty and at low prices for the season. Calves are very scarce. Mutton is very scarce and high. Our quotations are given at the slaughterer's prices: Beef, ₰ quarter, 4½@6c for inferior qualities; 8@10c ₰ lb for choice. Mutton, 8@9c. Calves, 7@7½c. Hogs are scarce and in good demand. We quote live at 5½@6c, and 7½@8c for dressed, the latter for choice small Hogs.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Choice fresh Roll Butter is still quite scarce and very firm at 35@40c ₰ lb, but the price will probably recede to 30c with fresh arrivals, and then we expect to see liberal shipments East. Pickled Butter is in good demand at 25@27½c. We note one car-load of say 150 firkins Eastern returned this week. California Cheese in light supply, with a good demand at 16@17c; Eastern plentiful, with a moderate demand at 15½@17c for good to choice. Fresh California Eggs are in good demand at 42½@45c; supply light.

FRUIT—The steamer Newbern from Mexican ports arrived with 200 boxes Oranges. The steamer Maggregor brought 31 boxes Lemons from Sydney and 493 bunches Bananas from Honolulu. Oranges and Lemons from Los Angeles continue to arrive on every steamer. We quote: Apples, choice, $1 25@1 50 ₰ box; common, 50c@$1 ₰ box. Pears, $1@2 50 ₰ box. Oranges, Lorets, $3@3 50 ₰ M; Los Angeles, $1@2; Tahiti, $20 ₰ M. Lemons, Los Angeles, $2@2 50 ₰ 100; Malaga and Sicily, $3@4 ₰ box. Limes, $7 50@10 ₰ M. Bananas, $2@3 ₰ bunch. Pine Apples, $5@6 ₰ doz. Cocoanuts, $6 ₰ 100. Dried Fruit—Apples, 5½@6c ₰ lb; Peaches, 8@9c; pitted Plums, 17½@18c; black Figs, 6@8c; Pears, 8@10c; Nectarines, 8@10c.

BAGS AND BAGGING—

There is a disposition manifested in certain quarters to sell Dundee Standard Grain Sacks, 22x36, on contract, for summer delivery, at 14c. The Grangers show a disposition to buy at least a portion of their requirements for the coming season. To this end it is said that four different orders have been sent to Scotland, each for 500,000 Bags—say in all 2,000,000 Grain Sacks, purchased on orders. These will be customary shipments on sale to the different commission houses in this city will, without doubt, furnish the needed supply. Besides we have the Oakland Bag Factory making from Jute about 2,000,000 Bags. To this add the large amount of Piece Goods, Mostank, that will be worked up by the several local bag factories in this city, some of which have recently enlarged their factories, and intend to do a large manufacturing business this year. There is now some demand for Wool Sacks, with the promise of a large requirement.

WIT AND HUMOR.

The man whose hair turned white in a single night is surpassed by the Boston girl, who lost hers completely in one dance.

A Dubuque, Iowa, citizen paid a police-man $3 a night to watch his wife, and the wife paid the guardsman $4 to watch her husband.

A missionary among the freedmen in Tennessee, after relating to some little colored children the story of Ananias and Sapphira, asked them why God does not strike every body dead that tells a lie, when one of the least in the room quickly answered, "Because there wouldn't be anybody left."

A tailor, while at Long Branch for his holiday, one morning, on emerging from the water, into which he had taken a "header," found himself close to a customer who had long been in his debt. Seizing the opportunity, "I say, Sir," he cried, "when are you going to settle my little account?" "Oh, you shall have it at once," was the ready reply, "if you have got my bill with you."

A young lady of very prudish turn was hurt in a railway accident and taken to the hospital, when the doctor asked her what was the matter with her. One of her limbs, she said, was injured. "Well," he returned, "but which limb?" "Oh, I can't tell you, doctor, but it's one of my limbs." "Oh, nonsense!" cried the doctor, out of all patience; "which is it?—the limb you thread a needle with?" "No, Sir," she answered, with a blush; "the limb I wear a garter on."

To restore Faded Flowers.—Obtain a small deal box; carefully place the flowers therein, fill with cotton wadding, fasten down the lid, and address the box to the person who presented the flowers. Take it to the express office, and in a few days they will be restored.

To obtain Chicory.—Go to a cheap grocer's and purchase a pound of the best Java coffee. Chicory is in such demand that it can be obtained no other way by retail.

To make Soda Water.—Dissolve a quarter of a pound of common soda in a gallon of water; afterward bottle for use. This is cheaper than that sold at the shops, and different in flavor.

To thicken the Hair.—Take two ounces of molasses, two ounces of glue, and one ounce of Roman cement. Mix, and apply before going to bed. It will make the hair very thick. Perfume to taste.

To avoid the Smell of Onions—Carefully sprinkle the room with disinfecting fluid or chloride of lime mixed with water. Another plan is to leave the house at once.

THE FAMILY ALBUM.—There is a sort of delirious joy in looking over a family album, especially if it is a very old album with a sprained back, which occasionally and unexpectedly drops through your fingers, leaving a couple of cousins in one hand, and three aunts in the other, and the balance of the family under the chair. The first picture is of an old gentleman with an expression of wary cautiousness in his face as if he was engaged in dodging a wild bull, and was somewhat doubtful of the result. Opposite him is the grandmother, a patient-looking lady in a black dress, with a book in one hand and a pair of spectacles in the other. There is a feeble but well-meaning effort to look safe in her face. On the next leaf is a middle-aged man looking as if he had been suddenly shot through the roof of a starch factory, and had landed in the middle of a strange country. Opposite is the picture of his wife, who, having heard a rumor of the catastrophe, has made up her mind to be prepared for the worst. Then follow the children—little girls looking so prim as to make you squirm, and little boys with their eyes turned on their noses, and with an expression on their face of unearthly solemnity. Then follow uncles, taken in their overcoats, with a spreading inclination in their clothes, hair and face, as if they were bound to get their money's worth; and aunts with warts on their noses, and varnish in their hair, and preposterous lace collars about their necks. Then there is the bashful young man penned opposite an aggressive young lady, whom heaven and some married woman have designed for each other. There are also the pictures of Cousin Aleck and his young wife, who stopped here when on their tour, and no young man looks at him without retiring at once and registering a terrible vow never to get married. Besides these is the picture of the man who lived next door for eight years, at the end of which time his wife died, and he moved to Illinois with the children, and is now worth some fifty thousand dollars. He has been photographed in his hat, which is one size too large for him, and which gives him an appearance of having murdered his aunt and concealed the body. Then there are two or three fine looking corsairs of no particular identity, and several broken-spirited wome with babies in their arms—directly or indirectly related to the owners of the album; and the exhibition closes.—*Danbury News.*

A writer on French manners observes: "It is one of the highest merits of the system that it tacitly lays down the principle that all persons meeting in the same house know each other without the formality of an introduction. Any man may ask a girl to dance, or may speak to anybody at a private party. Another merit of French manners is the general absence of false shame. If a boy drops his book at church he picks it up without blushing. A French woman takes off her bonnet and arranges her hair before the glass in a railway drawing-room without a thought of the presence of by-standers."

FARM AND GARDEN.

MORE PRIZE BUTTER MAKING.—The "thirty pounds of June butter" for which I was awarded the premium at the New York State Fair last Fall, was made from the milk of eight cows, three of them shorthorn stock, and five of grades of shorthorn and native, or cows bred for their superior butter qualities during nearly ten years. The Winter food is corn fodder with straw until the first of March, then hay till turned to pasture. The cows are stabled cold nights and during stormy and very cold days; their food with the corn fodder, straw and hay, is two quarts of corn and oat meal daily. During the summer nothing but grass is given for feed, and a plentiful supply of pure spring water with salt twice a week, and once a week in Winter. The cows are driven and handled carefully and never allowed to be dogged or run, but are kept as quiet as possible, as any excitement tends to derangement of the blood and therefore affects the secretions, and to a greater or less degree pollutes the milk and gives it a feverish taint. In order to make good butter the milk must be pure and free from all bad odors. We use tin milk pails, as we consider them better for the milk than the wooden pails. We milk the cows regularly in the cool of the morning and evening, and strain in eight-quart tin pans set in a circular milk rack, where it is left until sour; the cream is then taken off and kept at the same temperature, in a light, airy, roomy cellar, and stirred twice a day, or at each time of skimming, until churned, using for the purpose an up and down churn. When the butter is removed from the churn it is washed in pure spring water and worked until the buttermilk is all out, or until the water from the butter runs clear, and then salted with Liverpool Ashton salt, at the rate of one pound to ten pounds of butter; it is left in the butter-worker about twelve hours, and then worked again and packed in a white oak firkin made perfectly tight, as butter put in a firkin that leaks brine will not keep long. The butter is kept covered with a weak brine, changed once in four weeks, until marketed. Perfect cleanliness is a specialty in the care of all utensils used, and nothing is allowed in the cellar except the milk, cream, and butter.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

CHARCOAL FOR POULTRY.—The benefit which fowls derive from eating charcoal is acknowledged. The method of putting it before them is, however, not well understood. Pounded charcoal is not in the shape in which fowls generally find their food, and consequently is not very enticing to them. I have found that corn burnt on the cob, and the refuse—which consists almost entirely of the grains reduced to charcoal, and still retaining their perfect shape—placed before them, is greedily eaten by them with a marked improvement in their health, as is shown by the brighter color of their combs, and their sooner producing a greater average of eggs to the flock than before.—*Poultry World.*

EGG-BOUND.—Fowls are sometimes unable to pass the egg on account of its unusual size. In such cases they may remain sitting, but are much more apt to walk about showing signs of distress and weakness. The oviduct may in such cases be pushed out or ruptured, or both, and in this case the hen will sometimes die. Catch and handle her gently lest the egg be broken internally, for the sharp edges of the broken shells are apt to cause fatal wounds. Give a dose of castor oil, and if this does not give relief, wash the vent in warm water and carefully inject two tablespoonfulls of warm, not hot, olive-oil against the egg by means of a syringe. In case of the oviduct appearing externally and remaining outside, anoint it with warm oil and replace it carefully and slowly. If there is rupture, keep the bird quiet, giving it sufficient opium for this purpose, beginning with half-grain doses, and feed it low to prevent inflammation.

BROKEN-DOWN SWELLDOM IN NEW ZEALAND.—New Zealand is the home of broken-down swelldom. And as billiard-markers, gum-diggers, gold-diggers, and loafers among the natives, the bankrupt of England's nobility, gentry, clergy, army, and navy, distinguish themselves. Perhaps more medical men come to grief in this way than any other class. Within a circuit of one mile on one of the gold-fields, five medical men all holding university degrees, occupied the positions, one of bellman, two of sawyers, and two of diggers. A baronet, now in possession of his hereditary honors, was a most distinguished piccolo-player, and was known on the gold-fields as "Piccolo Charley." He earned a scant living by his musical efforts; at the close of each performance he went round with his hat. A trooper in the gold escort, and who was certainly an excellent constable, is now in possession of an earldom. Three baronets, one of them the nephew of one of the most prominent ladies in England, were lance or acting corporals in the local police force. Ex-generals, ex-colonels, ex-captains, have occupied the most subordinate and incongruous positions. There is wrapped up in the lives of these men a thousand romances, and in that distant land the novelist would find material that would employ his pen for half a century.—*Overland Monthly for February.*

HOW MUCH WAS A PENNY A DAY? Much better wages than it sounds to us. In the time of Christ a penny was about equal to fifteen of our cents, and as money was ten times as valuable as now, the penny a day was as good as 150 of our cents; so that the man who worked in the vineyard for that got as good wages as men now generally have in harvest.

PERPLEXITIES OF SLANG.—In his recently published diary, Moscheles records an amusing instance of the difficulties which slang causes to learners in English. "To-day," he writes, "I was asked which fruit of those on the table I would prefer. 'Some sneers,' I replied ingenuously. The company first of all were surprised, and then burst into laughter when they guessed the process by which I arrived at the expression. I, who at that time had to construct my English laboriously out of dialogue books and dictionaries, had found that 'not to care a fig' meant 'to sneer at a person,' so when I wanted to ask for figs, fig and sneer I thought were synonymous."

A Maine woman ate a gallon of oysters the other day for $100. She cleared $15, the funeral expenses amounting to $85.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS will do well to read advertisement of Holt Bros. in another column.

CURES ALL KINDS OF CATARRH.

So successful has Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery proven as a constitutional treatment for Catarrh, when coupled with the use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, applied locally by the use of Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche, the only method of reaching the upper and back cavities of the head, that the proprietor of these medicines has long offered a standing reward of $500 for a case of Catarrh which he cannot cure. The two medicines, with instruments, for $2, by druggists.

A SPECIMEN OUT OF A THOUSAND.

CORTLAND, Ill., April 28, 1873.

Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.: Dear Sir—It is with pleasure that I make this statement to you, that, after taking medicine for twenty years for the Catarrh, I tried your Catarrh Remedy, and effected a cure, so that it has not troubled me for two years.

S. WHEELER.

STEALING OUR THUNDER.

People should beware of those impostors who copy Dr. Pierce's original style of advertising, by offering various sized rewards for cases of Catarrh and other diseases which they cannot cure. Those who do not possess sufficient intelligence to write an original advertisement are not likely to have made great and valuable discoveries in medicine.

Special Notices.

☞ COMPARE

HOUSEWORTH'S PHOTOGRAPHS

With those of his competitors, and you will say his are GEMS.

9 and 12 Montgomery Street, opposite and under Lick House, San Francisco.

THE CALIFORNIA ABIETINE SALVE has been in market now about three years, and in that short time has become a household necessity to those who use it. For Burns and Flesh Wounds, it has no equal; for Piles and Sores, it is far above the common remedies; for Ringworm and Scald Head, it has never failed; for Scratches, Saddle and Collar Galls, it is a quick and powerful remedy. See advertisement next week.

GIANT CEMENT

Will inseparably mend ornaments, furniture, crockery, &c. Sold everywhere. Giant Cement Co. 417 Wash. st. S.F.

splice leather, &c.

$10 PER DAY! We challenge the world for a better business for agents than selling our Premium Illustrated Monthly. Those who ought to know tell us it is the best money-making combination in the field. Send us subscription price, $1.00, and receive two magnificent large premiums and a superior publication for one year. If desired for canvassing purposes, the premiums will be mounted on roller, with enamel cloth cover, without extra charge. Address J. LATHAM & CO., 392 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

AGENTS WANTED,

In every town and city on the Pacific coast, to sell the BAZAR PATTERNS AND ROYAL CHART. Money easily made. Send for catalogue. MME. MORROW 28 Montgomery Street, San Francisco.

REAL HAIR POMPADOUR BRAIDS,

THICK, WITHOUT RATS, from $3 to $4 25; long switches, $5; three long heavy side curls, $3 25; long single curls, $1. First quality hair. Tangled hair made into curls or switches. Side curls steamed for twenty-five cents. All work done cheaper than elsewhere. JOHN D. WILSON, 413 Sutter Street, opposite the Synagogue, San Francisco.

THISTLETON'S JOLLY GIANT.

Sample copies sent to your address on rec't pt of TEN CENTS. 9 Post St. S.F.

GARLAND'S VEGETABLE COUGH DROPS,

The Greatest Remedy of the age for all THROAT AND LUNG COMPLAINTS. Warranted to Cure. Sold everywhere. Depot, 628 Market St., San Francisco.

ASTHMA CURED.—For circular and price, address S. C. Upham, Philadelphia, Pa.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR REMOVED.—Address S. C. Upham, Philadelphia.

TAPEWORM REMOVED in Two hours.—Circular free. S. C. Upham, Philadelphia, Pa.

Piles, Cancer and Fistula Radically Cured

WITHOUT SURGICAL OPERATION. Advice given and Medicine forwarded to patients at a distance, on receipt of letter stating case and $5, per Wells, Fargo & Co., or their Office order, addressed to Dr. E. B. EATON, 15 Ellis Street, near Market and Stockton, San Francisco, Cal.

DIAMOND CATARRH REMEDY

Diamond Catarrh Remedy has cured the very worst cases. All say "This is the best thing I ever used." Ask your druggist for it.

DR. C. R. DICKEY

Is represents the combined knowledge of eminent physicians. Sent to any address on receipt of $1. By mail, 50 cts. Dr. A. Z. Dickey & Co., San Francisco.

A WONDERFUL BEDSTEAD.

It is a regular Bedstead. A sick person, however large, handled as easy as a babe. Raises the patients up—Turns them over from one side to the other—Makes up the bed and changes the clothes—Places patient on the feet or on a vessel—Separates patient from bed and goes the bed—Rocks to sleep—And all without using the hands or disturbing the slumbers.

BENJAMIN POLLARD,
1116 Market Street, San Francisco

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, as importers and jobbers in Groceries and Provisions, under the firm name of ROUNTREE & McMULLIN, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. GEORGE O. McMULLIN alone has the right to sign the partnership name in settlement and liquidation.

JAMES O. ROUNTREE,
GEORGE O. McMULLIN.

San Francisco, January 21, 1874.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

GEO. O. McMULLIN and THURLOW McMULLIN as partners and successors of the late firm of Rountree & McMullin, will continue the business of importers and jobbers in Groceries and Provisions, at the old stand, No. 323 Front Street, until about the 15th of February, when we will remove to Nos. 112 and 114 Parrott's Block, California Street, below Front, under the firm name of GEORGE O. McMULLIN & CO.

HOLT BROS.

Importers and dealers in all kinds of

HARDWOOD LUMBER, CARRIAGE AND WAGON MATERIALS.

Prices as low as the lowest. Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders by mail or express solicited.

27 and 29 BEALE ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

CLOCKS!

JUST RECEIVED,

EX GLORY OF THE SEAS,

LARGE ADDITIONS TO OUR STOCK.

The trade supplied at prices which defy competition.

HAVILAND & CO.,

AGENTS OF

ANSONIA CLOCK COMPANY,

No. 835 FINE STREET,

SAN FRANCISCO.

$100—SOLDIERS—$200.

For extra travel pay of California and Nevada Volunteers, discharged more than three hundred miles from home, apply to W. H. AIKEN, Attorney at Law, 34 Montgomery Block, San Francisco.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A new Iron Frame Wood's Mower. Call on or address C. WHITE, 49 Washington Street, San Francisco.

CLEARING OUT SALE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PRYAL'S NURSERIES.

Fruit, Ornamental, and Evergreen Trees, Shrubs, and Plants, Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Greenhouse and Bedding Plants, embracing all the most desirable kinds, are now ready and for sale. Blue Gum and other varieties of Eucalyptus; Boxwood Plants for Garden Walks; Roses of all the new and old Varieties.

Correspond with me, and, if possible, come and see my trees, etc. All orders will receive prompt attention. Address A. D. PRYAL,

Oakland, Alameda County, Cal.

Ornamental and Evergreen Trees for Sale at the Old Maple Leaf Nursery.

I have now on hand the largest and best varieties of Ornamental and Evergreen Trees, Fruit Trees of all kinds. Also, a large lot of the Blue Gums, from six inches to 12 feet high, at from $4 to $100 per hundred. A large lot of Cypresses, Vines and Junipers of every kind. Green House Plants and a large quantity of Roses. Maple and Laburnum Trees for street planting. I would call the attention of the trade to a large quantity of Australian and African Timber Seeds, and especially Cedrous Deodara, or Deavine Cedar Seeds.

L. M. NEWSOM,

East Oakland, Twelfth St., near Tubbs' Hotel. Send for Catalogue.

ALMOND TREES.

The subscriber has a large lot of Almond Trees, one year old, from three to five feet high, of the celebrated Languedoc variety, which will be disposed of at very reasonable rates. Liberal discount for large orders and to the trade. Trees properly packed and delivered at Niles Station.

P. O. and Express address, Niles, Alameda Co., Cal.

B. D. T. CLOUGH.

ALFALFA!

NEW CROP.

For Sale, choice lot of fine CALIFORNIA-GROWN ALFALFA, in lots to suit, for cash, at market rates. Our Seed, unlike that imported from Chile, is fine and free from Mustard or other foreign seed. Vegetable, Flower, and Grass Seed, etc.

50,000 Ramie Plants.

100,000 GUM TREES.

Fine Plants, Trees, Bulbs, and all articles in the line, fresh and good. Splendid stock, at the old stand.

E. E. MOORE,

SEEDSMAN AND FLORIST,

425 Washington Street, San Francisco.

SEND FOR NEW CATALOGUE.

FLAXSEED

— AND —

Castor Beans.

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